

Chapter 10.1 – Circles VOCABULARY

Circle : set of all _____ in a plane _____ from a given point, the center: _____



radius (plural is _____). Radius is a _____ with endpoints at the _____ and on the _____

chord: a _____ with _____ on the _____

diameter: a _____ that passes through the _____ of the circle

circumference of a circle is the _____ around the _____.

pi π is an _____ number. Pi is the _____ of the _____ divided by the _____

inscribed : A Polygon is inscribed in a circle if all of its _____ lie on the circle



circumscribed : A circle is circumscribed about a _____ if all of it contains all the vertices of the polygon.

central angle (of a circle): is an angle with the _____ in the _____ of the circle:

arc: an unbroken part of the _____

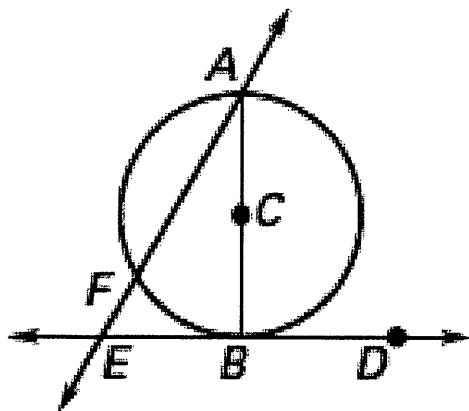
tangent : a line intersecting _____ at only _____ point.

secant : a line that intersects a _____ at _____ points



chord segment: when 2 chords intersect inside a _____, each chord is divided into _____ chord segments

Identify the following:



Circle name _____

diameter _____

radius _____

chord _____

secant _____

tangent _____

arc _____

Examples:

If $CB = 9$ what is the diameter of Circle C? _____ What is the circumference of Circle C? _____

Tell whether the line, ray, or segment is best described as a

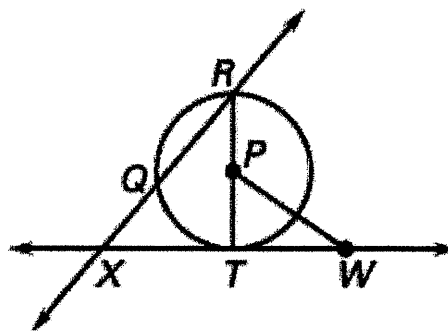
radius, chord, diameter, secant, or tangent of $\odot P$.

a. \overline{RT}

b. \overline{WT}

c. \overline{PT}

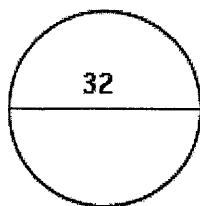
d. \overleftrightarrow{RQ}



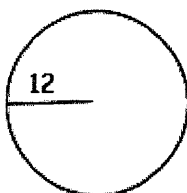
Find the radius or diameter. Then find the circumference:

$C = 2\pi r$ or $d\pi$. Remember: $d = 2r$ and $r = \frac{1}{2}d$.

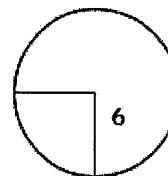
1. $r =$ _____ $C =$ _____



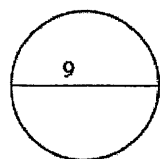
2. $d =$ _____ $C =$ _____



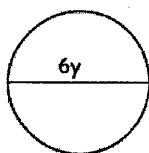
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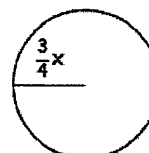
4. $r =$ _____ $C =$ _____



5. $r =$ _____ $C =$ _____



6. $d =$ _____ $C =$ _____



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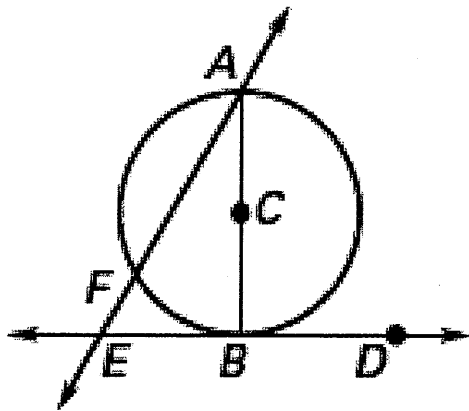
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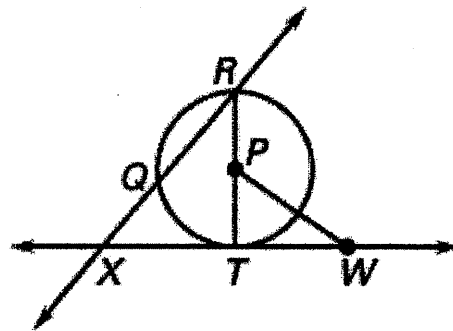
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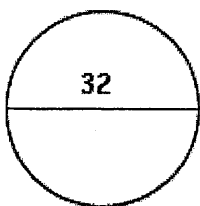
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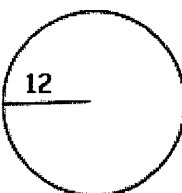
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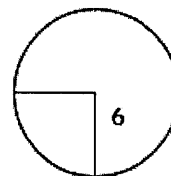
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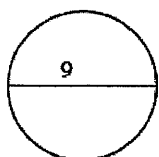
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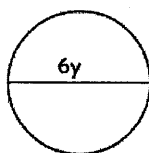
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