

## 12.2 Differentiation, Integration (Vector-valued Functions)

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$$* r(t) = f(t)i + g(t)j \quad r'(t) = f'(t)i + g'(t)j$$

$$14) r(t) = 4\sqrt{t}i + t^2\sqrt{t}j + \ln t^2 k$$

$$r'(t) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{t}}i + \left(2t\sqrt{t} + \frac{t^2}{2\sqrt{t}}\right)j + \frac{2}{t}k$$

$$= \left[ \frac{2}{\sqrt{t}}i + \frac{5t^{3/2}}{2}j + \frac{2}{t}k \right]$$

$$20) \text{ Find } a) r''(t) \quad b) r'(t) \cdot r''(t)$$

$$r(t) = (t^2 + t)i + (t^2 - t)j$$

$$r'(t) = (2t + 1)i + (2t - 1)j$$

$$r''(t) = 2i + 2j$$

$$b) r'(t) \cdot r''(t) =$$

$$(2t + 1)(2) + (2t - 1)(2) = \boxed{8t}$$

$$26) r(t) = \langle e^{-t}, t^2, \tan(t) \rangle$$

$$r'(t) = \langle -e^{-t}, 2t, \sec^2 t \rangle$$

$$r''(t) = \langle e^{-t}, 2, 2\sec^2 t \tan t \rangle$$

$$b) r'(t) \cdot r''(t) = -e^{-2t} + 4t + 2\sec^4 t \tan t$$

32) Find open intervals where curve is smooth.

$$r(\theta) = (\theta + \sin \theta)i + (1 - \cos \theta)j$$

$$r'(\theta) = (1 + \cos \theta)i + \sin \theta j$$

$$r'[(2n-1)\pi] = 0, \quad n \text{ being any integer}$$

smooth on  $( (2n-1)\pi, (2n+1)\pi )$

42) Find (a)  $D_t[r(t) \cdot u(t)]$  and (b)  $D_t[r(t) \times u(t)]$

$$r(t) = \cos t i + \sin t j + tk, \quad u(t) = j + tk$$

$$a) r(t) \cdot u(t) = r(t) \cdot u'(t) + r'(t) \cdot u(t)$$

$$= (\cos t i + \sin t j + tk) \cdot (1k) + (-\sin t i + \cos t j + k) \cdot (j + tk)$$

$$= t + \cos t + t = \boxed{2t + \cos t}$$

48)  $r(t) = \langle 0, \sin t, 4t \rangle$  \* Find  $r'(t)$  using definition of derivative

$$r'(t) = \lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} \frac{r(t+\Delta t) - r(t)}{\Delta t} = \frac{\langle 0, \sin(t+\Delta t), 4(t+\Delta t) \rangle - \langle 0, \sin t, 4t \rangle}{\Delta t}$$

$$\approx * \sin(x+y) = \sin x \cos y + \cos x \sin y$$

$$= \frac{\langle 0, \sin t \cos \Delta t + \cos t \sin \Delta t - \sin t, 4\Delta t \rangle}{\Delta t}$$

$$\lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0}$$

$$\langle 0, \cos t, 4 \rangle$$

$$54) \int [e^t i + \sin t j + \cos t k] dt = \boxed{e^t i - \cos t j + \sin t k + c}$$

$$60) \int_0^{\pi/4} \sec t i + \tan t j + 2 \sin t \cos t k \, dt$$

$$= \sec t i + \ln |\sec t| j + \sin^2 t k \Big|_0^{\pi/4} = (\sqrt{2}-1) i + \ln \sqrt{2} j + \frac{1}{2} k$$