

Accel Pre-Calculus

Name: _____

2.05 Graphing Sine and Cosine- Phase Shift Notes

For $y = a \sin[b(\theta - c)] + d$ or $y = a \cos[b(\theta - c)] + d$

Phase Shift- horizontal shift; 'c' tells you the phase shift; direction is opposite of what you think; you must factor out 'b' to see the phase shift!

Examples: Identify the transformations that occur on the parent function and graph the function.

1. $y = \sin(\theta - \frac{3\pi}{4})$ *shift right by $\frac{3\pi}{4}$ units*

2. $y = \cos(2\theta + \pi)$ ** shift left by $\frac{\pi}{2}$ units*
 $y = \cos[2(\theta + \frac{\pi}{2})]$ ** shrink by factor of 2 (period)*

2.05 Practice: Graphing Sine & Cosine with Amplitude, Period, and Phase Shift

Write an equation of the sine function given the following information.

1) amp. = 3.5 and a period of 14π

2) amp. = $\frac{1}{2}$, period = $\frac{1}{3}$, and phase shift right $\frac{1}{2}$

period = $\frac{2\pi}{b}$
 $\frac{14\pi}{1} = \frac{2\pi}{b}$
 $14\pi b = 2\pi$
 $b = \frac{2\pi}{14} = \frac{1}{7}$
 $y = 3.5 \sin(\frac{1}{7}\theta)$

$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{2\pi}{b}$
 $b = 6\pi$
 $y = \frac{1}{2} \sin[6\pi(\theta - \frac{1}{2})]$

Write an equation of the cosine function given the following information.

3) amp = 1.25, period = 6π , & phase shift right 3π down 3

4) amp. = $\frac{2}{3}$, period = $\frac{3}{4}$, and phase shift left 2

$\frac{6\pi}{1} = \frac{2\pi}{b}$
 $6\pi b = 2\pi$
 $b = \frac{1}{3}$
 $y = 1.25 \cos[\frac{1}{3}(\theta - 3\pi)] - 3$

$\frac{3}{4} = \frac{2\pi}{b}$
 $3b = 8\pi$
 $b = \frac{8\pi}{3}$
 $y = \frac{2}{3} \cos[\frac{8\pi}{3}(\theta + 2)]$

For each function, state the amplitude and period. Then label the axes appropriately and sketch the graph.

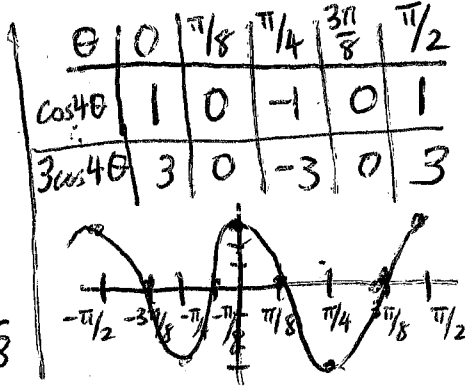
5) $y = 3 \cos(4\theta)$ $a = 3$ $b = 4$

6) $y = -4 \sin(\frac{\pi\theta}{2})$ $a = -4$ $b = \frac{\pi}{2}$ $p = 2\pi \cdot \frac{2}{\pi} = 4$

Amp: 3 Per: _____ PS: _____

Amp: 4 Per: 4 PS: _____ $I = \frac{4}{4} = 1$

period = $\frac{2\pi}{b}$
 $\text{period} = \frac{2\pi}{4} = \frac{\pi}{2}$
 $I = \frac{1}{4} \cdot P$
 $I = \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} = \frac{\pi}{8}$



θ	0	1	2	3	4
$\sin(\frac{\pi\theta}{2})$	0	1	0	-1	0
$-4\sin(\frac{\pi\theta}{2})$	0	-4	0	4	0



$$7) y = \frac{5}{3} \cos\left(2\theta + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$

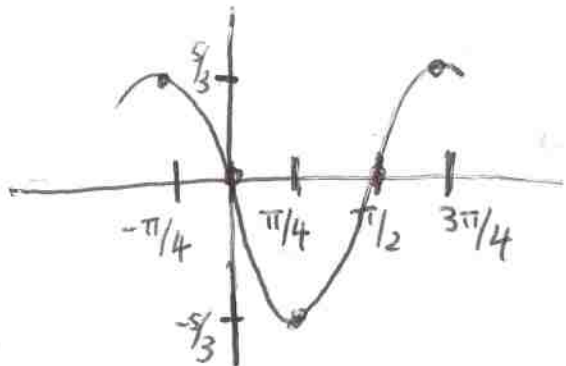
$$y = \frac{5}{3} \cos\left[2\left(\theta + \frac{\pi}{4}\right)\right]$$

$$a = \frac{5}{3} \quad b = 2 \quad \text{P.S.: left } + \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\text{period} = \frac{2\pi}{b} \rightarrow \frac{2\pi}{2} = \pi \quad I = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

θ	$-\frac{\pi}{4}$	0	$\frac{\pi}{4}$	$\frac{\pi}{2}$	$\frac{3\pi}{4}$
	$0 - \frac{\pi}{4}$	$\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{\pi}{4}$	$\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{\pi}{4}$	$\frac{3\pi}{4} - \frac{\pi}{4}$	$\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}$

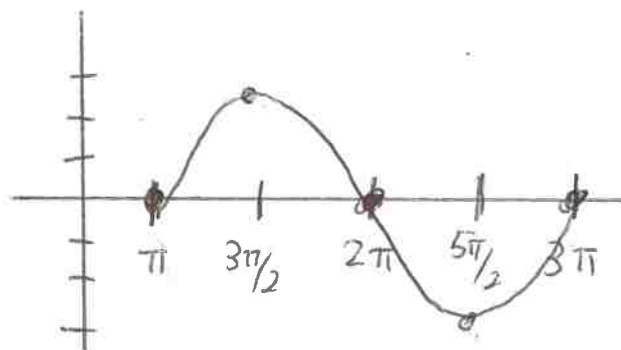
$\cos(2\theta)$	1	0	-1	0	1
$\frac{5}{3} \cos(2\theta)$	$\frac{5}{3}$	0	$-\frac{5}{3}$	0	$\frac{5}{3}$



$$8) y = 2.5 \sin(\theta - \pi)$$

$$a = 2.5 \quad b = 1 \quad c = \pi \quad \text{P.S. right } \pi \text{ units}$$

θ	π	$\frac{3\pi}{2}$	2π	$\frac{5\pi}{2}$	3π
	$0 + \pi$	$\frac{\pi}{2} + \pi$	$\pi + \pi$	$\frac{3\pi}{2} + \pi$	$2\pi + \pi$
$\sin(\theta - \pi)$	0	1	0	-1	0
$2.5 \sin(\theta - \pi)$	0	2.5	0	-2.5	0



$$9) y = 6 \cos\left(\frac{\theta}{4} - \frac{\pi}{8}\right)$$

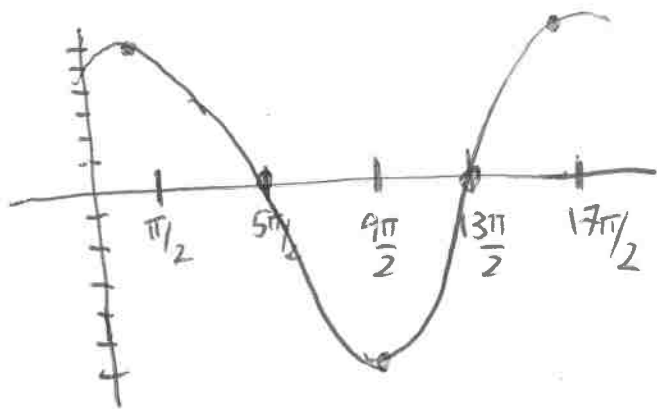
$$y = 6 \cos\left[\frac{1}{4}\left(\theta - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right]$$

Amp: 6 Per: 8π P.S: right $\frac{\pi}{2}$

$$\text{period} = \frac{2\pi}{b} = \frac{2\pi}{\frac{1}{4}} = 2\pi \cdot 4 = 8\pi$$

$$I = \frac{8\pi}{4} = 2\pi$$

θ	$\frac{\pi}{2}$	$\frac{5\pi}{2}$	$\frac{9\pi}{2}$	$\frac{13\pi}{2}$	$\frac{17\pi}{2}$
θ	$0 + \frac{\pi}{2}$	$2\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}$	$4\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}$	$6\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}$	$8\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}$
$\cos\left(\frac{\theta}{4}\right)$	1	0	-1	0	1
$6\cos\left(\frac{\theta}{4}\right)$	6	0	-6	0	6



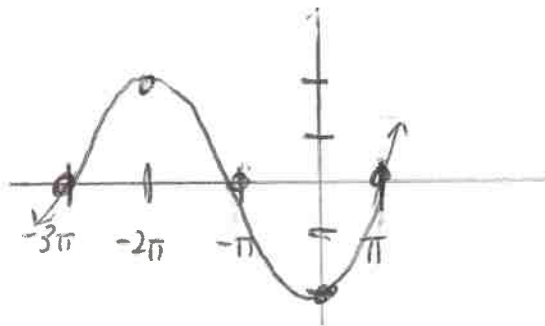
$$10) y = 2 \sin\left(\frac{\theta}{2} + \frac{3\pi}{2}\right)$$

$$y = 2 \sin\left[\frac{1}{2}\left(\theta + 3\pi\right)\right]$$

$a=2$ $b=\frac{1}{2}$ P.S. shift left 3π

$$\text{period} = \frac{2\pi}{\frac{1}{2}} = 2\pi \cdot \frac{2}{1} = 4\pi \quad I = \frac{4\pi}{4} = \pi$$

θ	-3π	-2π	$-\pi$	0	π
$\sin(\theta)$	0	1	0	-1	0
$2\sin(\theta)$	0	2	0	-2	0



$$11) y = -3\cos(3\pi\theta + \pi)$$

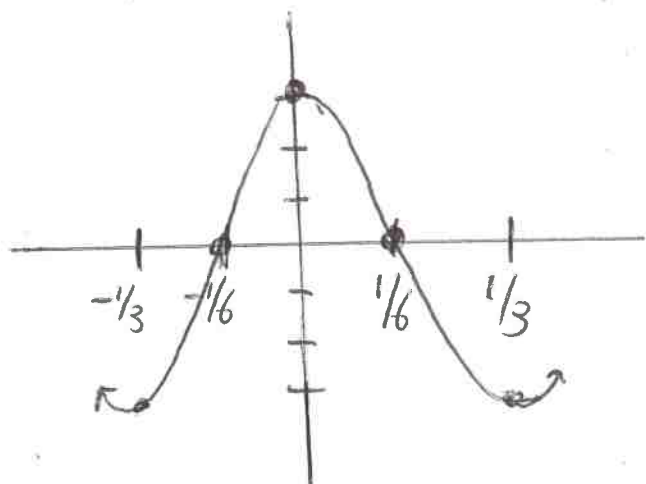
$$y = -3\cos\left[3\pi\left(\theta + \frac{1}{3}\right)\right]$$

$$a = -3 \quad b = 3\pi \quad \text{P.S. left } \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\text{period} = \frac{2\pi}{b} \rightarrow \frac{2\pi}{3\pi} = \frac{2}{3} \quad I = \frac{1}{4} \cdot P$$

$$I = \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{2}{3} = \frac{2}{12} = \frac{1}{6}$$

θ	$-\frac{1}{3}$	$-\frac{1}{6}$	0	$+\frac{1}{6}$	$+\frac{1}{3}$
θ	$0 - \frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{6} - \frac{2}{6}$	$\frac{2}{6} - \frac{2}{6}$	$\frac{3}{6} - \frac{2}{6}$	$\frac{4}{6} - \frac{2}{6}$
$\cos \theta$	1	0	-1	0	1
$-3\cos \theta$	-3	0	3	0	-3



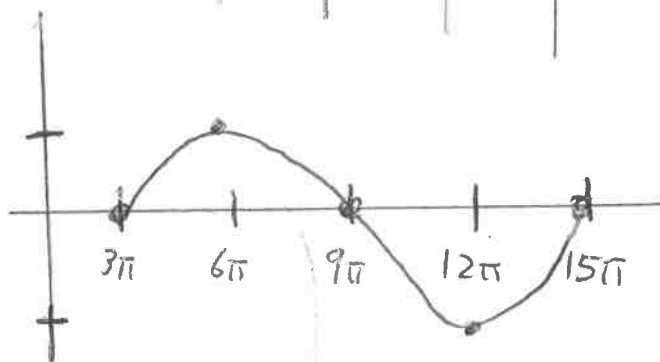
$$12) y = \sin\left(\frac{\theta}{6} - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$

$$y = \sin\left[\frac{1}{6}(\theta - 3\pi)\right]$$

$$a = 1 \quad b = \frac{1}{6} \quad \text{P.S. right } 3\pi \text{ units}$$

$$\text{period} = \frac{2\pi}{1/6} \rightarrow 2\pi \cdot \frac{6}{1} = 12\pi \quad I = \frac{12\pi}{4} = 3\pi$$

θ	3π	6π	9π	12π	15π
θ	$0 + 3\pi$	$3\pi + 3\pi$	$6\pi + 3\pi$	$9\pi + 3\pi$	$12\pi + 3\pi$
$\sin \theta$	0	1	0	-1	0
$1\sin \theta$	0	1	0	-1	0



7) $y = \frac{5}{3} \cos\left(2\theta + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$

Amp: _____ Per: _____ PS: _____

9) $y = 6 \cos\left(\frac{\theta}{4} - \frac{\pi}{8}\right)$

Amp: _____ Per: _____ PS: _____

8) $y = 2.5 \sin(\theta - \pi)$

Amp: _____ Per: _____ PS: _____

10) $y = 2 \sin\left(\frac{\theta}{2} + \frac{3\pi}{2}\right)$

Amp: _____ Per: _____ PS: _____

11) $y = -3 \cos(3\pi\theta + \pi)$

Amp: _____ Per: _____ PS: _____

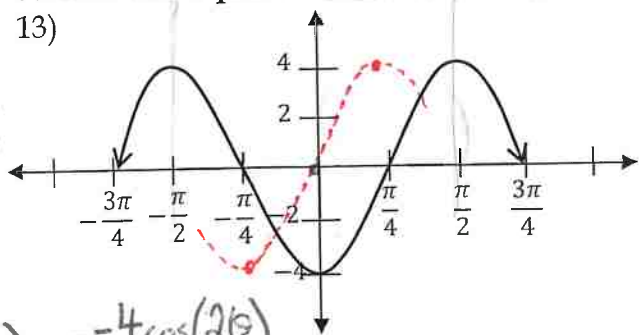
12) $y = \sin\left(\frac{\theta}{6} - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$

Amp: _____ Per: _____ PS: _____

$a = -4$
 period = π
 $\frac{\pi}{1} = \frac{2\pi}{b}$
 $b\pi = 2\pi$
 $b = 2$

Write a sine equation and a cosine equation for each graph below:

13)

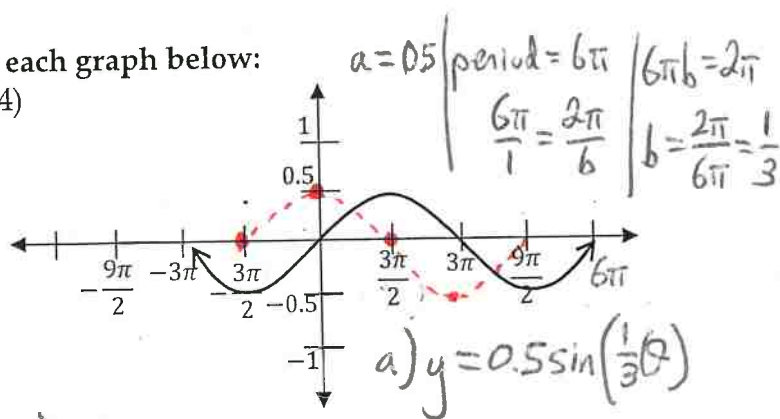


a) $y = -4 \cos(2\theta)$

b) phase shift right $\pi/4$
 $a = 4$ $b = 2$

$y = 4 \sin\left[2\left(\theta - \frac{\pi}{4}\right)\right]$

14)



$a = 0.5$ | period = 6π | $6\pi b = 2\pi$
 $\frac{6\pi}{1} = \frac{2\pi}{b}$ | $b = \frac{2\pi}{6\pi} = \frac{1}{3}$

a) $y = 0.5 \sin\left(\frac{1}{3}\theta\right)$

b) shift cosine graph $\frac{3\pi}{2}$ to the right

$y = 0.5 \cos\left[\frac{1}{3}\left(\theta - \frac{3\pi}{2}\right)\right]$