

Ch. 2.5 Exercise Problems Derivatives of Trig Functions

p. 212-214 #17-35 odd, 49, 55

$$\frac{d}{dx} \sin x = \cos x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \cos x = -\sin x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \tan x = \sec^2 x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \cot x = -\csc^2 x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \sec x = \sec x \tan x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \csc x = -\csc x \cot x$$

17) $y = \pi \sec u \tan u$ * product Rule

$$y' = \pi \sec u \tan u \cdot \tan u + \pi \sec u \cdot \sec^2 u$$

$$y' = \pi \sec u \tan^2 u + \pi \sec^3 u$$

19) $y = \frac{\cot x}{x}$

$$y' = \frac{-\csc^2 x \cdot x - \cot x \cdot (1)}{(x)^2}$$

* quotient Rule

$$y' = \frac{-x \csc^2 x - \cot x}{x^2}$$

21) $y = x^2 \sin x$ * product Rule

$$y' = 2x \cdot \sin x + x^2 \cdot \cos x$$

$$\rightarrow y' = 2x \sin x + x^2 \cos x$$

23) $y = t \tan(t) - \sqrt{3} \sec(t)$

$$y' = (1) \tan(t) + t \cdot \sec^2(t) - \sqrt{3} \sec(t) \tan(t)$$

$$y' = \tan(t) + t \sec^2(t) - \sqrt{3} \sec(t) \tan(t)$$

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25)

$$y = \frac{\overbrace{\sin \theta}^f}{\underbrace{1 - \cos \theta}_g}$$

$$y' = \frac{\overbrace{\cos \theta}^{f'} \cdot \overbrace{(1 - \cos \theta)}^g - \overbrace{\sin \theta}^f \cdot \overbrace{(-\sin \theta)}^{g'}}{\underbrace{(1 - \cos \theta)^2}_{g^2}}$$

$$y' = \frac{\cos \theta - \cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta}{(1 - \cos \theta)^2} \rightarrow \frac{\cos \theta - (\cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta)}{(1 - \cos \theta)^2}$$

$$\cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta = 1$$

$$y' = \frac{(\cancel{\cos \theta} - 1)(-1)}{(1 - \cancel{\cos \theta})(1 - \cos \theta)}$$

$$y' = \frac{-1}{1 - \cos \theta} \text{ or } y' = \frac{1}{\cos \theta - 1}$$

27)

$$y = \frac{\overbrace{\sin(t)}^f}{\underbrace{1+t}_g}$$

$$y' = \frac{\overbrace{\cos(t)}^{f'} \cdot \overbrace{(1+t)}^g - \overbrace{\sin(t)}^f \cdot \overbrace{(1)}^{g'}}{\underbrace{(1+t)^2}_{g^2}}$$

$$y' = \frac{\cos(t) + t \cos(t) - \sin(t)}{(1+t)^2}$$

29)

$$y = \frac{\sin x}{e^x}$$

$$y' = \frac{\overbrace{\cos x}^{f'} \cdot \overbrace{e^x}^g - \overbrace{\sin x}^f \cdot \overbrace{e^x}^{g'}}{\underbrace{(e^x)^2}_{g^2}}$$

$$* \frac{d}{dx} e^x = e^x$$

$$y' = \frac{e^x \cos x - e^x \sin x}{e^{2x}} \rightarrow \frac{\cancel{e^x}(\cos x - \sin x)}{(\cancel{e^x})(e^x)}$$

$$y' = \frac{\cos x - \sin x}{e^x}$$

31)

$$y = \frac{\overbrace{\sin \theta + \cos \theta}^f}{\underbrace{\sin \theta - \cos \theta}_g}$$

$$y' = \frac{\overbrace{(\cos \theta - \sin \theta)}^{f'} \cdot \overbrace{(\sin \theta - \cos \theta)}^g - \overbrace{(\sin \theta + \cos \theta)}^f \cdot \overbrace{(\cos \theta + \sin \theta)}^{g'}}{\underbrace{(\sin \theta - \cos \theta)^2}_{g^2}}$$

$$-(\cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta) = -1$$

$$y' = \frac{\cancel{\cos \theta} \sin \theta - \cancel{\cos^2 \theta} - \cancel{\sin^2 \theta} + \cancel{\sin \theta} \cos \theta - \cancel{\sin \theta} \cos \theta - \cancel{\sin^2 \theta} - \cancel{\cos^2 \theta} - \cancel{\cos \theta} \sin \theta}{(\sin \theta - \cos \theta)^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{-1 - 1}{(\sin \theta - \cos \theta)^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{-2}{(\sin \theta - \cos \theta)^2}$$

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$$33) y = \frac{\overbrace{\sec(t)}^f}{\underbrace{1+t\sin t}_g} \rightarrow y' = \frac{\overbrace{\sec t \tan t}^{f'} \cdot \overbrace{(1+t\sin t)}^g - \overbrace{\sec(t)}^f \cdot \overbrace{[0+1\sin(t)+t\cos(t)]}^{g'}}{\underbrace{(1+t\sin t)^2}_{g^2}}$$

product Rule within g'

$$y' = \frac{\sec(t)\tan(t) + t\sec(t)\sin(t)\tan(t) - \sec(t)\sin t - t\cos(t)\sec(t)}{(1+t\sin t)^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{\sec(t)\tan(t) + t \cdot \left(\frac{1}{\cos t}\right) \sin t \cdot \tan(t) - \frac{1}{\cos(t)} \cdot \sin(t) - t \cdot \cos(t) \cdot \frac{1}{\cos(t)}}{(1+t\sin t)^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{\sec(t)\tan(t) + t \tan^2(t) - \tan(t) - t}{(1+t\sin t)^2}$$

$$35) y = \overbrace{\csc \theta}^f \overbrace{\cot \theta}^g \quad y' = \overbrace{-\csc \theta \cot \theta}^{f'} \cdot \overbrace{\cot \theta}^g + \overbrace{\csc \theta}^f \cdot \overbrace{-\csc^2 \theta}^{g'}$$

$$y' = -\csc \theta \cot^2 \theta - \csc^3 \theta$$

$$49) y = a \sin x + b \cos x$$

$$y' = a \cos x + b(-\sin x)$$

$$y'' = a(-\sin x) + b(-\cos x)$$

$$y'' = -a \sin x - b \cos x$$

* treat a and b as constant coefficients. No need for product Rule.

55) Find equation of tangent line at given point

$$f(x) = \sin x + \cos x \text{ at } \left(\frac{\pi}{4}, \sqrt{2}\right)$$

$$f'(x) = \cos x - \sin x$$

$$f'\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)$$

$$f'\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = 0$$

$$\text{point: } \left(\frac{\pi}{4}, \sqrt{2}\right)$$

$$\text{slope: } m = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\rightarrow y - \sqrt{2} = 0(x - \frac{\pi}{4}) \\ &\text{OR} \\ &y = \sqrt{2} \end{aligned}$$

