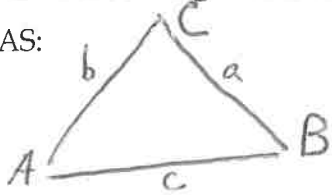


## Accel Pre-Calculus

## 3.08 Area of Triangles Notes

For SAS:



$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2}bc \sin A \quad \text{Area} = \frac{1}{2}absin C$$

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2}acsin B$$



For SSS:

Heron's Formula

 $S = \text{semiperimeter}$ 

$$S = \frac{1}{2}(a+b+c)$$

$$\text{Area} = \sqrt{S(S-a)(S-b)(S-c)}$$

Find the area of each triangle. Round answers to the nearest tenth.

1.  $A = 52^\circ$ ,  $b = 12$ ,  $c = 18$

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2}bc \sin A$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(12)(18)\sin 52$$

$$A = 85.11$$

2.  $a = 13$ ,  $b = 8$ ,  $c = 15$

$$S = \frac{1}{2}(13+8+15) = 18$$

$$A = \sqrt{18(18-13)(18-8)(18-15)}$$

$$A = \sqrt{2700}$$

$$A \approx 51.96$$

3.  $a = 24$ ,  $b = 18$ ,  $c = 21$

$$S = \frac{1}{2}(24+18+21) = 31.5$$

$$A = \sqrt{31.5(31.5-24)(31.5-18)(31.5-21)}$$

$$A = \sqrt{31.5(7.5)(13.5)(10.5)}$$

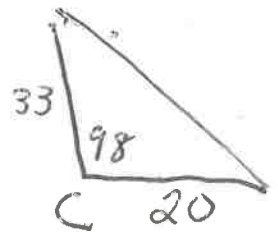
$$A = 182.99 \text{ units}^2$$

4.  $a = 20$ ,  $b = 33$ ,  $C = 98^\circ$

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2}absin C$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(20)(33)\sin 98$$

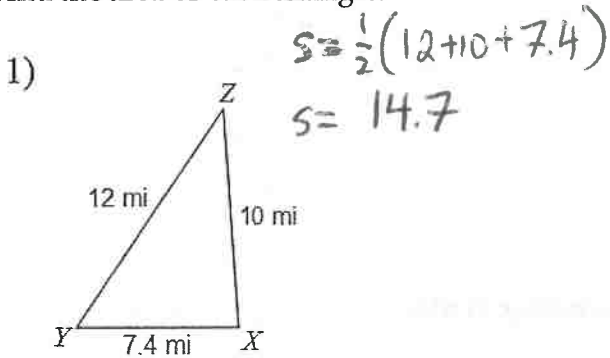
$$A = 326.79 \text{ units}^2$$



Date: \_\_\_\_\_

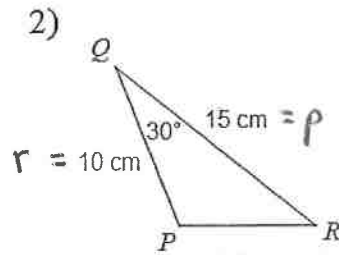
3.08 Area of a Triangle

Find the area of each triangle.



$$A = \sqrt{14.7(14.7-12)(14.7-7.4)(14.7-10)}$$

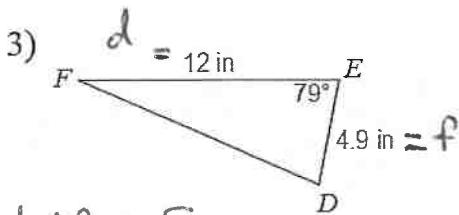
$$A = \sqrt{1361.7639} = \boxed{36.9} \text{ mi}^2$$



$$A = \frac{1}{2} r p \sin Q$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} (10)(15) \sin 30$$

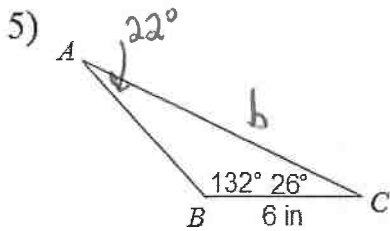
$$A = \frac{75}{2} = 37.5 \text{ cm}^2$$



$$A = \frac{1}{2} d f \sin E$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} (12)(4.9) \sin 79$$

$$A = \boxed{28.859} \text{ in}^2$$



\* find side b first to create SAS triangle (or side c). Use Law of Sine:

$$\frac{b}{\sin 132} = \frac{6}{\sin 22}$$

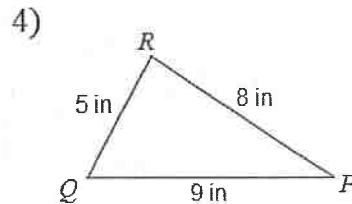
$$b = \frac{6 \sin 132}{\sin 22}$$

$$b = 11.903$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} a b \sin C$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} (6)(11.903) \sin 26$$

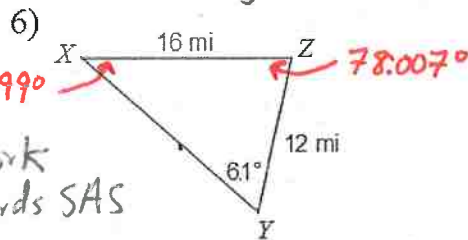
$$A = \boxed{15.654} \text{ in}^2$$



$$s = \frac{1}{2} (5 + 9 + 8) = 11$$

$$A = \sqrt{11(11-5)(11-8)(11-9)}$$

$$A = \sqrt{11(6)(3)(2)} = 6\sqrt{11} \approx \boxed{19.899} \text{ in}^2$$



\* work towards SAS

$$\frac{\sin X}{12} = \frac{\sin 61}{16}$$

$$\sin X = \frac{12 \sin 61}{16}$$

$$X = \sin^{-1}(0.6559)$$

$$X = 40.99^\circ$$

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2} x y \sin Z$$

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2} (16)(12) \sin 78.007$$

$$\text{Area} = \boxed{93.905} \text{ mi}^2$$

7) In  $\triangle DEF$ ,  $d = 11$  m,  $e = 12$  m,  $f = 15.6$  m

$$s = \frac{1}{2}(11 + 12 + 15.6) = 19.3$$

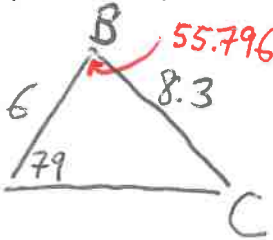
$$A = \sqrt{19.3(19.3 - 11)(19.3 - 12)(19.3 - 15.6)}$$

$$A = \sqrt{4326.7319}$$

$$A = 65.78$$

\*work towards SAS

8) In  $\triangle ABC$ ,  $a = 8.3$  yd,  $c = 6$  yd,  $m\angle A = 79^\circ$



$$\frac{\sin C}{6} = \frac{\sin 79}{8.3}$$

$$\sin C = \frac{6 \sin 79}{8.3}$$

$$C = \sin^{-1}(0.7096)$$

$$C = 45.203^\circ$$

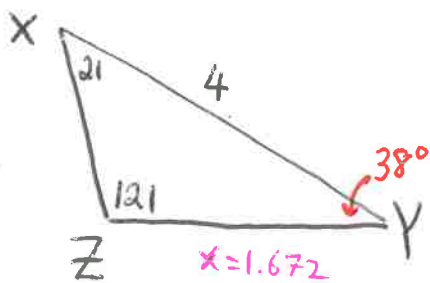
$$\angle B = 55.796^\circ$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2}ac \sin B$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(8.3)(6) \sin 55.796$$

$$\text{Area} = 20.593$$

9) In  $\triangle ZXY$ ,  $z = 4$  mi,  $m\angle X = 21^\circ$ ,  $m\angle Z = 121^\circ$



\*work towards SAS

$$\frac{x}{\sin 21} = \frac{4}{\sin 121}$$

$$x = \frac{4 \sin 21}{\sin 121}$$

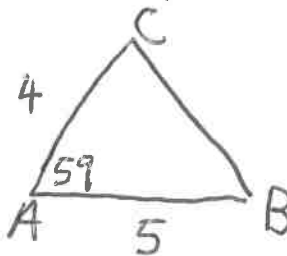
$$x = 1.672$$

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2}xz \sin Y$$

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2}(1.672)(4) \sin 38$$

$$\text{Area} = 2.059 \text{ mi}^2$$

10) In  $\triangle ABC$ ,  $c = 5$  cm,  $m\angle A = 59^\circ$ ,  $b = 4$  cm



$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2}bc \sin A$$

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2}(4)(5) \sin 59$$

$$\text{Area} = 8.572 \text{ cm}^2$$