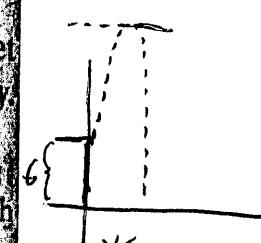


Ch. 4.1b Vertical Motion (Particle Motion) Homework pg. 251-252 #53, 55, 56 57, 58

Vertical Motion In Exercises 53–55, use $a(t) = -32$ feet per second per second as the acceleration due to gravity. (Neglect air resistance.)

53. A ball is thrown vertically upward from a height of 6 feet with an initial velocity of 60 feet per second. How high will the ball go?

$$V(0) = 60 \text{ ft/s}$$



* ball reaches highest point when $V(t) = 0$

$$\begin{aligned} a(t) &= -32 \\ V(t) &= \int -32 dt \\ V(t) &= -32t + C \\ 60 &= -32(0) + C \\ 60 &= C \\ V(t) &= -32t + 60 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} s(t) &= \int -32t + 60 dt \\ s(t) &= -\frac{32t^2}{2} + 60t + C \\ s(t) &= -16t^2 + 60t + C \\ 6 &= -16(0)^2 + 60(0) + C \\ 6 &= C \\ s(t) &= -16t^2 + 60t + 6 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} V(t) &= -32 + 60 \\ 0 &= -32t + 60 \\ 32t &= 60 \quad t = \frac{60}{32} = \frac{15}{8} \text{ sec.} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} s\left(\frac{15}{8}\right) &= -16\left(\frac{15}{8}\right)^2 + 60\left(\frac{15}{8}\right) + 6 \\ s\left(\frac{15}{8}\right) &= 62.25 \text{ feet} \end{aligned}$$

55. A balloon, rising vertically with a velocity of 16 feet per second, releases a sandbag at the instant it is 64 feet above the ground.

$$a(t) = -32$$

- (a) How many seconds after its release will the bag strike the ground?

$$V_0 = 16 \text{ ft/s} \quad V(0) = 16$$

$$S_0 = 64 \text{ ft.} \quad s(0) = 64$$

$$a(t) = -32$$

$$V(t) = \int -32 dt \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{plug in} \\ V(0) = 16 \end{array}$$

$$V(t) = -32t + C$$

$$16 = -32(0) + C$$

$$16 = C$$

$$V(t) = -32t + 16$$

$$s(t) = \int -32t + 16 dt = -\frac{32t^2}{2} + 16t + C$$

$$s(t) = -16t^2 + 16t + C$$

$$s(t) = -16t^2 + 16t + 64$$

* bag strikes the ground when $s(t) = 0$

$$0 = -16t^2 + 16t + 64$$

$$0 = -16(t^2 - t - 4)$$

$$t = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{1^2 - 4(-1)(-4)}}{2(-1)}$$

$$\frac{1 \pm \sqrt{17}}{2} \rightarrow \frac{1 + \sqrt{17}}{2} \approx 2.562 \text{ sec.}$$

$$(b) V(t) = -32t + 16$$

$$V(2.562) = -32(2.562) + 16$$

$$= -65.9 \text{ ft/s}$$

Vertical Motion In Exercises 56–58, use $a(t) = -9.8$ meters per second per second as the acceleration due to gravity. (Neglect air resistance.)

56. A baseball is thrown upward from a height of 2 meters with an initial velocity of 10 meters per second. Determine its maximum height.

$$s(0) = 2 \text{ m}$$

$$v(0) = 10 \text{ m/s}$$

$$a(t) = -9.8$$

$$v(t) = \int -9.8 dt$$

$$v(t) = -9.8t + C$$

$$10 = -9.8(0) + C \quad C = 10$$

$$\frac{v(t) = -9.8t + 10}{s(t) = \int -9.8t + 10 dt}$$

$$s(t) = \frac{-9.8t^2}{2} + 10t + C$$

$$s(t) = -4.9t^2 + 10t + C$$

$$s(t) = -4.9t^2 + 10t + C$$

$$2 = -4.9(0)^2 + 10(0) + C$$

$$2 = C$$

$$s(t) = -4.9t^2 + 10t + 2$$

* Max height occurs when $v(t) = 0$

$$v(t) = -9.8t + 10$$

$$0 = -9.8t + 10$$

$$9.8t = 10 \quad t \approx 1.02 \text{ sec.}$$

$$s(1.02) = -4.9(1.02)^2 + 10(1.02)$$

$$s(1.02) \approx 7.102 \text{ m} \quad \boxed{\text{Max height}}$$

57. With what initial velocity must an object be thrown upward (from a height of 2 meters) to reach a maximum height of 200 meters? $s(0) = 2$

$$s(t) = \frac{-9.8t^2}{2} + v_0 t + 2$$

$$s(t) = -4.9t^2 + v_0 t + 2$$

$$v(t) = -9.8t + v_0$$

$$0 = -9.8t + v_0$$

$$9.8t = v_0$$

$$t = \frac{v_0}{9.8}$$

* set $s(t) = \text{max height}$

$$-4.9t^2 + v_0 t + 2 = 200$$

$$-4.9\left(\frac{v_0}{9.8}\right)^2 + v_0\left(\frac{v_0}{9.8}\right) + 2 = 200$$

$$\frac{-4.9v_0^2}{9.8^2} + \frac{v_0^2}{9.8} = 198$$

$$-4.9v_0^2 + 9.8v_0^2 = 198(9.8)^2$$

$$4.9v_0^2 = (9.8)^2 198$$

$$v_0 = 62.3 \text{ m/s}$$

• 58. Grand Canyon •

The Grand Canyon is 1800 meters deep at its deepest point. A rock is dropped from the rim above this point. Write the height of the rock as a function of the time t in seconds. How long will it take the rock to hit the canyon floor?

$$s(t) = -4.9t^2 + v_0 t + 1800$$

$$s(t) = -4.9t^2 + 0t + 1800$$

$$s(t) = -4.9t^2 + 1800$$

$$0 = -4.9t^2 + 1800$$

$$4.9t^2 = 1800$$

$$t^2 = \frac{1800}{4.9}$$

$$t \approx 9.2 \text{ sec}$$

$$\text{set } s(t) = 0$$

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53. A ball is thrown vertically upward from a height of 6 feet with an initial velocity of 60 feet per second. How high will the ball go?

55. A balloon, rising vertically with a velocity of 16 feet per second, releases a sandbag at the instant it is 64 feet above the ground.

- (a) How many seconds after its release will the bag strike the ground?
(b) At what velocity will it hit the ground?

Vertical Motion In Exercises 56–58, use $a(t) = -9.8$ meters per second per second as the acceleration due to gravity. (Neglect air resistance.)

56. A baseball is thrown upward from a height of 2 meters with an initial velocity of 10 meters per second. Determine its maximum height.

57. With what initial velocity must an object be thrown upward (from a height of 2 meters) to reach a maximum height of 200 meters?

• 58. Grand Canyon •

The Grand Canyon is 1800 meters deep at its deepest point. A rock is dropped from the rim above this point. Write the height of the rock as a function of the time t in seconds. How long will it take the rock to hit the canyon floor?