

6.1 HW p. 396-398 #17, 19, 29

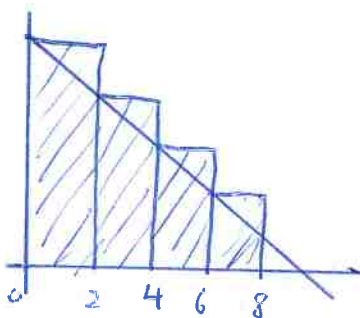
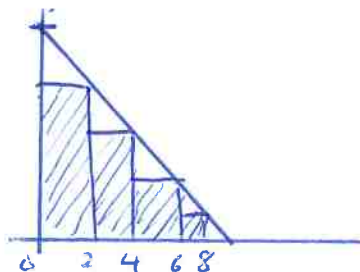
Approximate Area using Lower Sums (A) and upper Sums (B)

17) $f(x) = -x + 10$ $[0, 8]$ $n=4$ and $n=8$ intervals

$n=4$ intervals $w = \frac{8-0}{4} = 2$

a) Lower Sum $\rightarrow 2f(2) + 2f(4) + 2f(6) + 2f(8)$
 $\rightarrow 2(8) + 2(6) + 2(4) + 2(2)$
 $= \boxed{40}$

b) Upper Sum $\rightarrow 2f(0) + 2f(2) + 2f(4) + 2f(6)$
 $\rightarrow 2(10) + 2(8) + 2(6) + 2(4)$
 $\rightarrow \boxed{56}$



$n=8$ intervals $w = \frac{8-0}{8} = 1$

a) Lower Sum $\rightarrow 1f(1) + 1f(2) + 1f(3) + \dots + 1f(7) + 1f(8)$
 $\rightarrow 1(9) + 1(8) + 1(7) + \dots + 1(3) + 1(2)$
 $\rightarrow \boxed{44}$

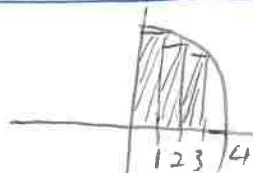
b) Upper Sum $\rightarrow 1f(0) + f(1) + f(2) + \dots + f(6) + f(7)$
 $\rightarrow \boxed{52}$

19) $f(x) = 16 - x^2$ $[0, 4]$ $w = \frac{b-a}{n} \rightarrow \frac{4-0}{4} = 1$

$n=4$ intervals

a) Lower Sum: $1f(1) + 1f(2) + 1f(3) + 1f(4)$
 $= 15 + 12 + 7 + 0 = \boxed{34}$

b) Upper Sum: $1f(0) + 1f(1) + 1f(2) + 1f(3)$
 $16 + 15 + 12 + 7 = \boxed{50}$



$n=8$ intervals $w = \frac{4-0}{8} = \frac{1}{2}$

a) Lower Sum: $\frac{1}{2}f(\frac{1}{2}) + \frac{1}{2}f(1) + \frac{1}{2}f(\frac{3}{2}) + \frac{1}{2}f(2)$
 $+ \frac{1}{2}f(\frac{5}{2}) + \frac{1}{2}f(3) + \frac{1}{2}f(\frac{7}{2}) + \frac{1}{2}f(4)$
 $= \boxed{77/2}$

b) Upper Sum: $\frac{1}{2}f(0) + \frac{1}{2}f(\frac{1}{2}) + \dots + \frac{1}{2}f(3) + \frac{1}{2}f(\frac{7}{2})$
 $= \boxed{93/2}$

6.1

$$29) f(x) = 4x^2 \quad [0, 2]$$

$$w = \frac{b-a}{n} \rightarrow \frac{2-0}{n} = \frac{2}{n}$$

$$\text{Area} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n \left[\frac{b-a}{n} \right] f \left[a + \frac{b-a}{n} i \right] \rightarrow f \left[0 + \frac{2}{n} i \right] = f \left(\frac{2}{n} i \right)$$

$$f(\) = 4(\)^2$$

$$f \left(\frac{2}{n} i \right) = 4 \left(\frac{2}{n} i \right)^2$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{2}{n} \cdot 4 \left(\frac{2}{n} i \right)^2$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{8}{n} \cdot \frac{4}{n^2} i^2$$

$$\frac{32}{n^3} \sum_{i=1}^n i^2 \rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{32}{n^3} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6} \rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{32 \cdot 2n^3}{6n^3} \rightarrow \boxed{\frac{32}{3}}$$