

Ch. 7.1b Area between Curves

Area FRQ Graphing Calculator Practice Problems

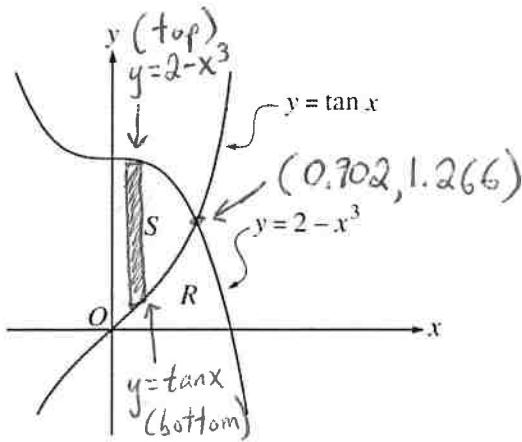
Key

1. Let R and S be the regions in the first quadrant shown in the figure above. The region R is bounded by the x -axis and the graphs of $y = 2 - x^3$ and $y = \tan x$. The region S is bounded by the y -axis and the graphs of $y = 2 - x^3$ and $y = \tan x$.

(a) Find the area of S

$\text{Area} = \int_{x_1}^{x_2} (\text{Top graph} - \text{Bottom graph}) dx$ (in the forms of "y = ___")	$\int_{y_1}^{y_2} (\text{Right graph} - \text{Left graph}) dy$ (in the form of "x = ___")
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i) (Top – Bottom Method)

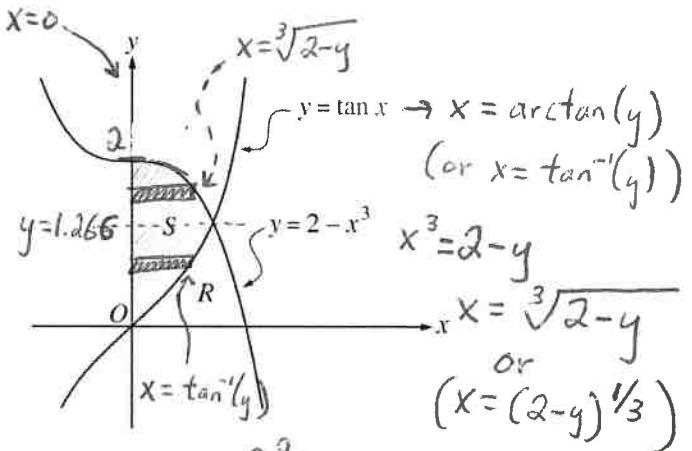


$$\text{Area} = \int_0^{0.902} 2 - x^3 - (\tan x) dx$$

Top - Bottom

Area = 1.161

ii) (Right – Left Method)



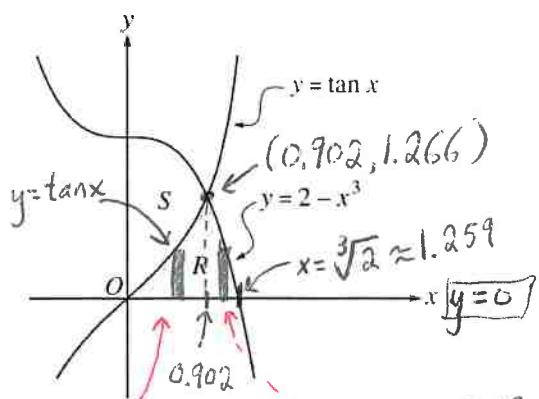
$$\int_{0}^{1.266} \tan^{-1}(y) - 0 dy + \int_{1.266}^{2} \sqrt[3]{2-y} - 0 dy$$

(Right) - (Left) (Right) - (Left)

$$\text{Area} = 0.664 + 0.4965 = \boxed{1.161}$$

(b) Find the area of R

i) (Top – Bottom Method)

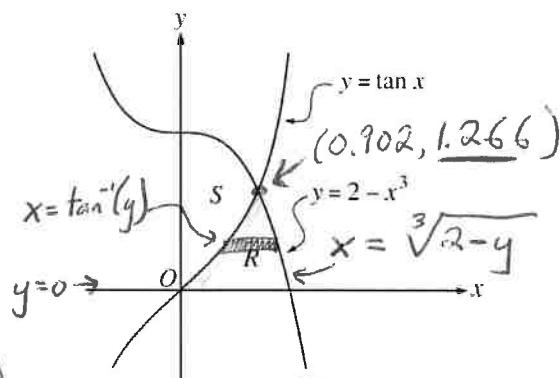


$$\text{Area} = \int_0^{0.902} \tan x - 0 dx + \int_{0.902}^{1.259} 2 - x^3 - 0 dx$$

(Top) - (bottom) (Top) - (bottom)

$$\text{Area} = 0.478 + 0.251 = \boxed{0.729}$$

ii) (Right – Left Method)



$$\text{Area} = \int_0^{1.266} \sqrt[3]{2-y} - \tan^{-1}(y) dy$$

(Right) - (Left)

Area = 0.729

- 2) Let R be the region bounded by the graph of $y = e^{2x-x^2}$ and the horizontal line $y = 2$, and let S be the region bounded by the graph of $y = e^{2x-x^2}$ and the horizontal lines $y = 1$ and $y = 2$, as shown above.

(a) Find the area of R .

(b) Find the area of S .

b) option 1:

$$\int_0^{0.446} e^{2x-x^2} - 1 \, dx + \int_{0.446}^{1.554} 2 - 1 \, dx$$

$$a) \text{Area}(R) = \int_{0.446}^{1.554} e^{2x-x^2} - 2 \, dx$$

$$\text{Area}(R) = 0.514$$

$$\text{option 2: } \int(R+S) - \int R$$

$$+ \int_{0.446}^{1.554} e^{2x-x^2} - 1 \, dx = 1.546$$

$$+ \int_{0.446}^{1.554} e^{2x-x^2} - 2 \, dx = 1.546$$

- 3) Let f be the function given by $f(x) = 4x^2 - x^3$, and let ℓ be the line $y = 18 - 3x$, where ℓ is tangent to the graph of f . Let R be the region bounded by the graph of f and the x -axis, and let S be the region bounded by the graph of f , the line ℓ , and the x -axis, as shown above.

(a) Show that ℓ is tangent to the graph of $y = f(x)$ at the point $x = 3$.

(b) Find the area of S .

a) * Show that the graph $f(x)$ has same slope as line $y = 18 - 3x$ at $x = 3$

* Slope of graph: $f'(x) = 8x - 3x^2$

Slope of line:

$$f'(3) = 8(3) - 3(3)^2 = -3$$

$$y = -3x + 18 \rightarrow m = -3 \quad \text{same slope}$$

$$b) \text{Area}(S) = \int_3^4 18 - 3x - (4x^2 - x^3) \, dx + \int_4^6 18 - 3x - 0 \, dx$$

$$O = 4x^2 - x^3$$

$$O = x^2(4 - x)$$

$$x = 4$$

$$\text{Area}(S) = 1.917 + 6 = 7.917$$

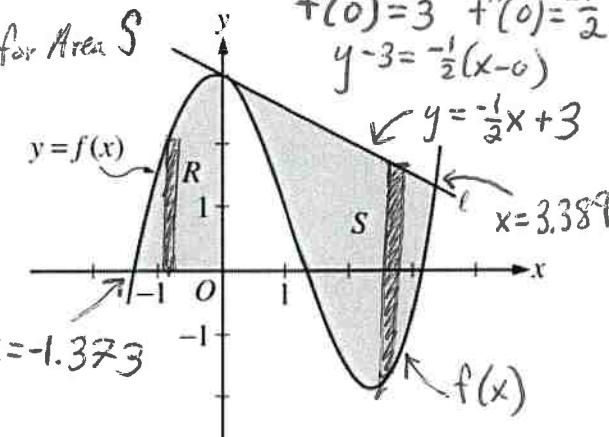
4)

- Let f be the function given by $f(x) = \frac{x^3}{4} - \frac{x^2}{3} - \frac{x}{2} + 3 \cos x$. Let R be the shaded region in the second quadrant bounded by the graph of f , and let S be the shaded region bounded by the graph of f and line ℓ , the line tangent to the graph of f at $x = 0$, as shown above.

(a) Find the area of R .

b) Write integral expression for Area S

$$a) \int_{-1.373}^0 f(x) - 0 \, dx = 2.903$$



$$b) \text{Area of } S: \int_0^{3.389} -\frac{1}{2}x + 3 - f(x) \, dx$$

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1. Let R and S be the regions in the first quadrant shown in the figure above. The region R is bounded by the x -axis and the graphs of $y = 2 - x^3$ and $y = \tan x$. The region S is bounded by the y -axis and the graphs of $y = 2 - x^3$ and $y = \tan x$.

a) Find the area of S

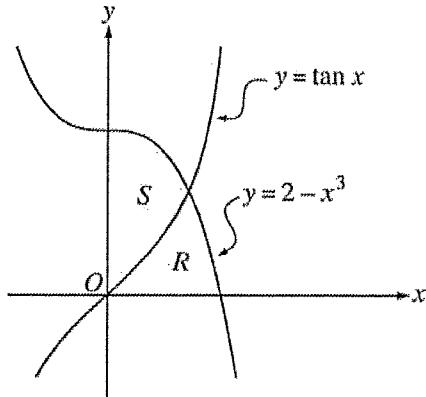
$$\text{Area} = \int_{x_1}^{x_2} (\text{Top graph} - \text{Bottom graph}) dx$$

(in the forms of " $y = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ ")

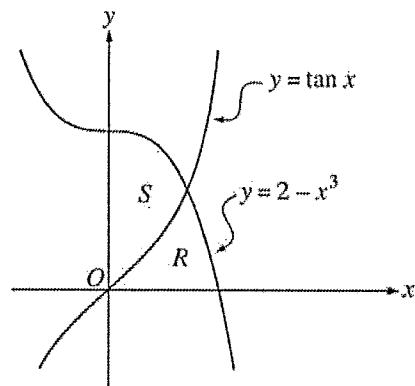
$$\int_{y_1}^{y_2} (\text{Right graph} - \text{Left graph}) dy$$

(in the form of " $x = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ ")

i) (Top – Bottom Method)

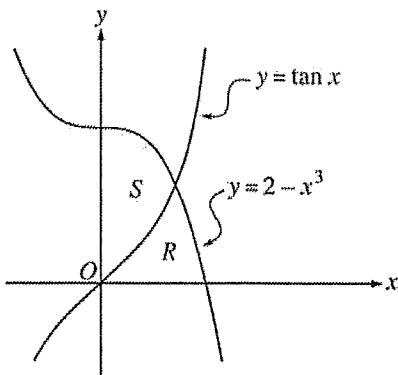


ii) (Right – Left Method)

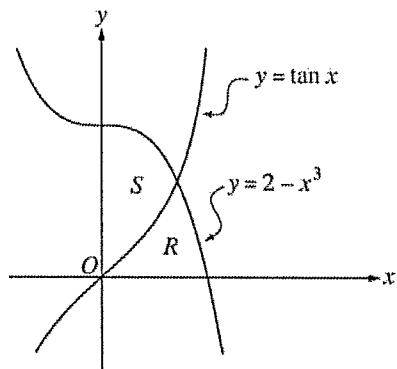


b) Find the area of R

i) (Top – Bottom Method)



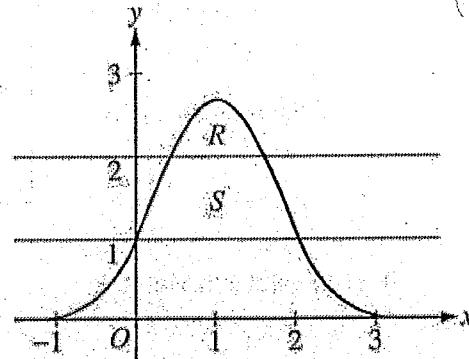
ii) (Right – Left Method)



- 2) Let R be the region bounded by the graph of $y = e^{2x-x^2}$ and the horizontal line $y = 2$, and let S be the region bounded by the graph of $y = e^{2x-x^2}$ and the horizontal lines $y = 1$ and $y = 2$, as shown above.

(a) Find the area of R .

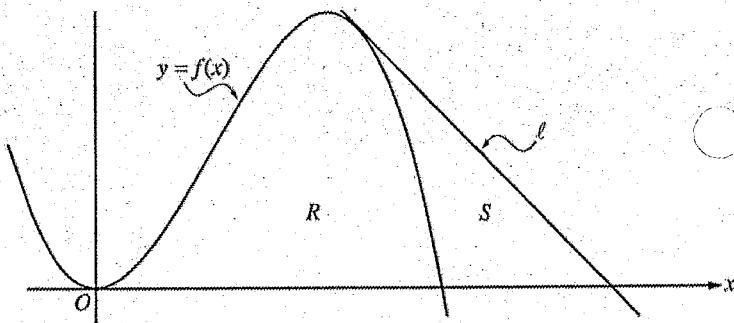
(b) Find the area of S .



- 3) Let f be the function given by $f(x) = 4x^2 - x^3$, and let ℓ be the line $y = 18 - 3x$, where ℓ is tangent to the graph of f . Let R be the region bounded by the graph of f and the x -axis, and let S be the region bounded by the graph of f , the line ℓ , and the x -axis, as shown above.

(a) Show that ℓ is tangent to the graph of $y = f(x)$ at the point $x = 3$.

(b) Find the area of S .



- 4) Let f be the function given by $f(x) = \frac{x^3}{4} - \frac{x^2}{3} - \frac{x}{2} + 3\cos x$. Let R be the shaded region in the second quadrant bounded by the graph of f , and let S be the shaded region bounded by the graph of f and line ℓ , the line tangent to the graph of f at $x = 0$, as shown above.

(a) Find the area of R . (b) Write an integral expression for Area of S

