

Washer Method Practice FRQ Problem (Non-Calculator)

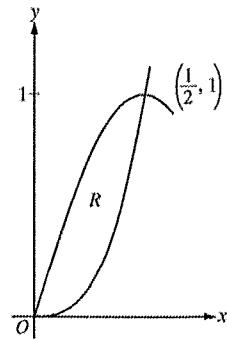
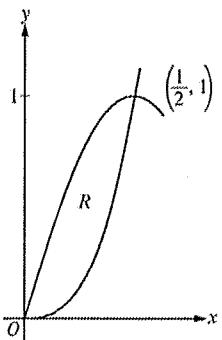
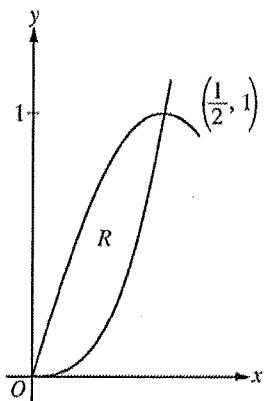
Let R be the region in the first quadrant enclosed by the graphs of $f(x) = 8x^3$ and $g(x) = \sin(\pi x)$, as shown in the figure above.

(a) Write an equation for the line tangent to the graph of f at $x = \frac{1}{2}$.

(b) Find the area of R.

(c) Write, but do not evaluate, an integral expression for the volume of the solid generated when R is rotated about the horizontal line $y = 1$.

(d) Write, but do not evaluate, an integral expression for the volume of solid generated when R is rotated about the vertical line $x = -3$.



Washer Method Practice Problem

(Non-Calculator)

Key

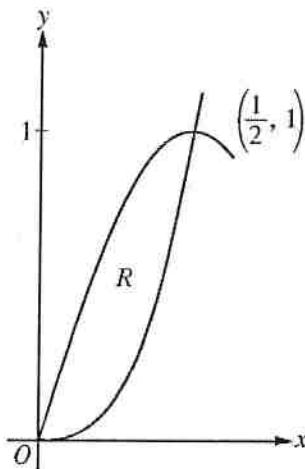
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a) Equation of tangent line: $y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$

point: $f\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = 8\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^3 = 8\left(\frac{1}{8}\right) = 1$

slope: $f'(x) = 24x^2$

$$f'\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = 24\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 = \frac{24}{4} = 6$$

$$\boxed{y - 1 = 6(x - \frac{1}{2})}$$

point: $(\frac{1}{2}, 1)$

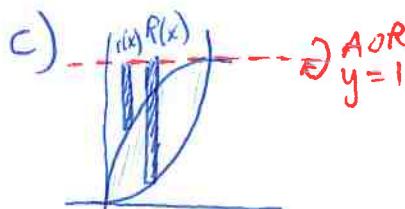
slope: $m = 6$

b) Area: $\int_{x_1}^{x_2} \text{Top} - \text{Bottom} dx \rightarrow \int_0^{1/2} \sin(\pi x) - 8x^3 dx$

u-sub

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sin(\pi x) dx \\ u &= \pi x \quad \left| dx = \frac{du}{\pi} \right. \\ \frac{du}{dx} &= \pi \quad \left| \int \sin(u) \frac{du}{\pi} \right. \\ & \int \frac{1}{\pi} \sin(u) du \\ &= \frac{1}{\pi} (-\cos(u)) \\ &= -\frac{1}{\pi} \cos(\pi x) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left[-\frac{1}{\pi} \cos(\pi x) - 8 \cdot \frac{x^4}{4} \right]_0^{1/2} \\ &= -\frac{1}{\pi} \cos(\pi/2) - 2\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^4 - \left(-\frac{1}{\pi} \cos(0) - 2(0)^4\right) \\ &= -\frac{1}{\pi}(0) - \frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{\pi}(1) = \boxed{-\frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{\pi}} \end{aligned}$$



* washer method
* Top-Bottom

$$R(x) = 1 - 8x^3$$

$$r(x) = 1 - \sin(\pi x)$$

$$\boxed{V = \pi \int_0^{1/2} [1 - 8x^3]^2 - [1 - \sin(\pi x)]^2 dx}$$

d) * washer
* Right-Left AOR x=-3

$$R(y) = \left(\frac{y}{8}\right)^{1/3} - (-3)$$

$$r(y) = \frac{1}{\pi} \sin^{-1}(y) - (-3)$$

$$\begin{aligned} V &= \pi \int_0^1 \left[\left(\frac{y}{8}\right)^{1/3} + 3 \right]^2 - \left[\frac{1}{\pi} \sin^{-1}(y) + 3 \right]^2 dy \\ V &= \pi \int_0^1 \left[\left(\frac{y}{8}\right)^{1/3} + 3 \right]^2 - \left[\frac{1}{\pi} \sin^{-1}(y) + 3 \right]^2 dy \end{aligned}$$

$$y = \sin(\pi x)$$

$$\pi x = \sin^{-1}(y)$$

$$x = \frac{1}{\pi} \sin^{-1}(y)$$

$$y = 8x^3$$

$$x = \left(\frac{y}{8}\right)^{1/3}$$