

7.2a Disc Method Practice Problems Worksheet

Disc Method: (Top – Bottom)

$$V = \pi \int_{x_1}^{x_2} [R(x)]^2 dx$$

(expression(s) used above has form: “ $y = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ ”)

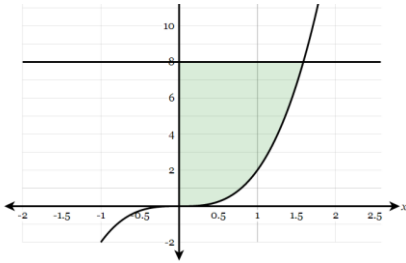
Disc Method: (Right – Left)

$$V = \pi \int_{y_1}^{y_2} [R(y)]^2 dy$$

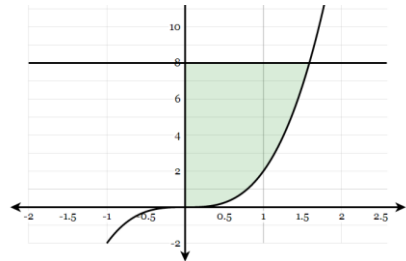
(expression(s) used above has form: “ $x = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ ”)

1. Let the region R be the area enclosed the function $f(x) = 2x^3$ the horizontal line $y=8$, and the y -axis. Find the volume of the solid generated when the shaded region is:

a) rotated about the line $y = 8$

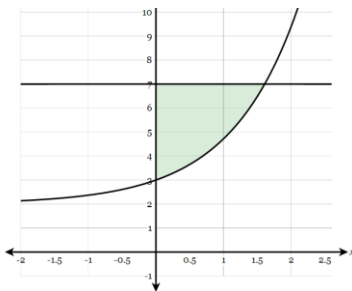


b) rotated about the y -axis

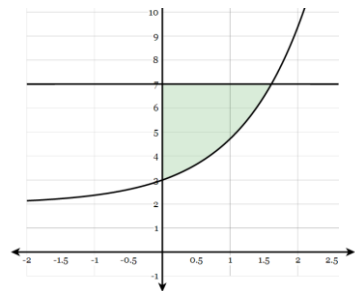


2) Let the region R be the area enclosed the function $f(x) = e^x + 2$, the horizontal line $y=7$, and the y -axis. Find the volume of the solid generated when the shaded region is:

a) rotated about the line $y = 7$



b) rotated about the y -axis



Disc Method: (Top – Bottom)

$$V = \pi \int_{x_1}^{x_2} [R(x)]^2 dx$$

(expression(s) used above has form: "y = ___")

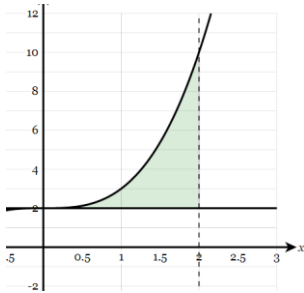
Disc Method: (Right – Left)

$$V = \pi \int_{y_1}^{y_2} [R(y)]^2 dy$$

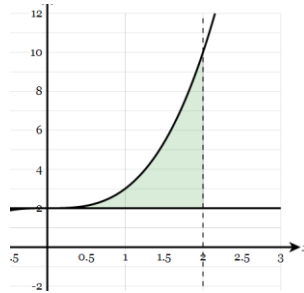
(expression(s) used above has form: "x = ___")

3) Let the region R be the area enclosed by the function $f(x) = x^3 + 2$, the horizontal line $y=2$, and the vertical lines $x=0$ and $x=2$. Find the volume of the solid generated when shaded region is:

a) rotated about the line $y = 2$

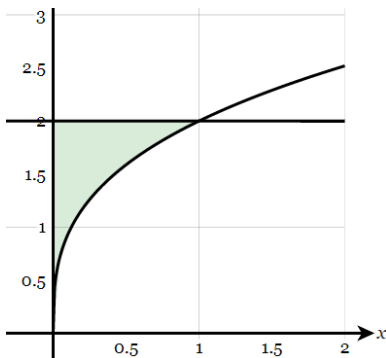


b) rotated about $x = 2$



4. Let the region R be the area enclosed the function $f(x) = 2x^{\frac{1}{3}}$, the horizontal line $y=2$, and the y-axis. Find the volume of the solid generated when shaded region is

a) rotated about the line $y = 2$



b) rotated about y-axis

