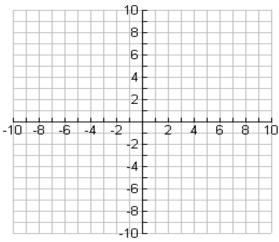
1. Write the equation of the ellipse in standard form. Graph the ellipse and identify requested parts.

 $3x^2 + y^2 - 48x - 4y + 184 = 0$ 



Standard Form: \_\_\_\_\_

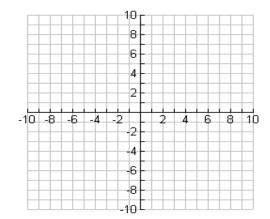
Center: \_\_\_\_\_ Vertices:\_\_\_\_\_

Foci: \_\_\_\_\_ Co-Vertices:\_\_\_\_

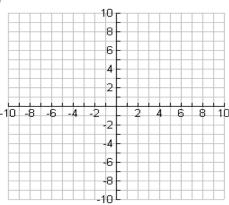
Eccentricity = \_\_\_\_\_

2. Write the equation of an ellipse with center (-2, -1), a horizontal major axis of length 10 and a minor axis of length 5.

Equation:



3. Write an equation of the ellipse with a vertex at (0,7) and a co-vertex at (-3, 0)



Equation: \_\_\_\_\_

4. Identify the characteristics of the hyperbola. Then, graph the hyperbola and label all parts.

$$\frac{(y+1)^2}{25} - \frac{(x-3)^2}{36} = 1$$

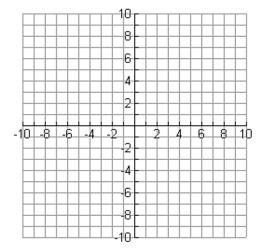
Center: \_\_\_\_\_

Vertices:

Foci:

Asymptotes: \_\_\_\_\_

Eccentricity: \_\_\_\_\_



5. Write the equation of the hyperbola in standard form. Identify the center, vertices, foci, asymptotes, and eccentricity. Graph the hyperbola and label all parts.  $3x^2 - 4y^2 - 30x - 8y + 59 = 0$ 

Standard Form:

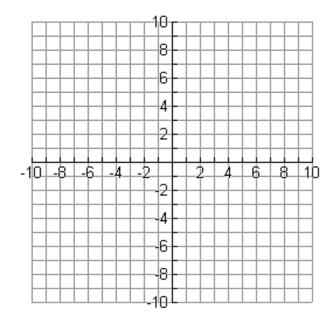
Center: \_\_\_\_\_

Vertices:

Foci: \_\_\_\_\_

Asymptotes: \_\_\_\_\_

Eccentricity: \_\_\_\_\_



6. Write an equation of a hyperbola with center at (2, -3), a focus at (8, -3) and one vertex at (6,-3).

	_		
a =	b =	c =	:

Standard Form:

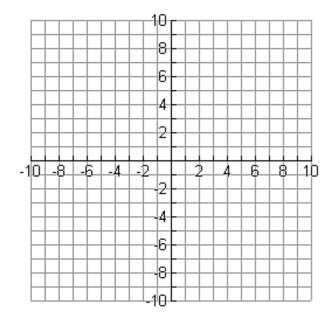
Center: \_\_\_\_\_

Vertices: \_\_\_\_\_

Foci: \_\_\_\_\_

Asymptotes:

Eccentricity: \_\_\_\_\_



7. Match the general form equation to the type of conic section it represents.

A) 
$$127-3x^2+3y^2-24x+10y=0$$

B) 
$$4 - x^2 - 16x - 14y = 0$$

C) 
$$253 - 2x^2 = 2y^2 + 15x$$

D) 
$$1 - 5y^2 - 3x^2 + 12x = 16y$$