

Key

Representing repeating decimals as Geometric Series

Using a Geometric Series In Exercises 35-40, (a) write the repeating decimal as a geometric series, and (b) write its sum as the ratio of two integers.

$$35. 0.\overline{4} = 0.4 + 0.04 + 0.004 + \dots$$

$$\quad \quad \quad \underbrace{\quad}_{\times \left(\frac{1}{10}\right)} \quad \underbrace{\quad}_{\frac{1}{10}}$$

$$a_1 = 0.4 \quad r = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$= \frac{4}{10}$$

$$a) \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{4}{10} \left(\frac{1}{10}\right)^n$$

$$b) S = \frac{a_1}{1-r} = \frac{\frac{4}{10}}{1-\frac{1}{10}} = \frac{\frac{4}{10}}{\frac{9}{10}} = \frac{4}{9}$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{4}{9}}$$

$$36. 0.\overline{36} = 0.36 + 0.0036 + 0.000036 + \dots$$

$$\quad \quad \quad \underbrace{\quad}_{\frac{1}{100}} \quad \underbrace{\quad}_{\frac{1}{100}}$$

$$a_1 = 0.36 = \frac{36}{100}$$

$$r = \frac{1}{100}$$

$$a) \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{36}{100} \left(\frac{1}{100}\right)^n$$

$$b) S = \frac{a_1}{1-r} = \frac{\frac{36}{100}}{1-\frac{1}{100}} = \frac{\frac{36}{100}}{\frac{99}{100}} = \frac{36}{99} = \frac{4}{11}$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{4}{11}}$$

$$37. 0.\overline{81} = 0.81 + 0.0081 + 0.000081 + \dots$$

$$\quad \quad \quad \underbrace{\quad}_{\frac{1}{100}} \quad \underbrace{\quad}_{\frac{1}{100}}$$

$$a_1 = 0.81 = \frac{81}{100}$$

$$r = \frac{1}{100}$$

$$a) \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{81}{100} \left(\frac{1}{100}\right)^n$$

$$b) S = \frac{a_1}{1-r} = \frac{\frac{81}{100}}{1-\frac{1}{100}} = \frac{\frac{81}{100}}{\frac{99}{100}} = \frac{81}{99} = \frac{9}{11}$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{9}{11}}$$

$$38. 0.\overline{01} = 0.01 + 0.0001 + 0.000001 + \dots$$

$$\quad \quad \quad \underbrace{\quad}_{\frac{1}{100}} \quad \underbrace{\quad}_{\frac{1}{100}}$$

$$a_1 = 0.01 = \frac{1}{100}$$

$$r = \frac{1}{100}$$

$$a) \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{100} \left(\frac{1}{100}\right)^n$$

$$b) S = \frac{a_1}{1-r} = \frac{\frac{1}{100}}{1-\frac{1}{100}} = \frac{\frac{1}{100}}{\frac{99}{100}} = \frac{1}{99}$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{1}{99}}$$

39. $0.0\overline{75}$

$$0.075 + 0.00075 + 0.0000075 + \dots$$

$$\underbrace{\quad}_{\frac{1}{100}} \quad \underbrace{\quad}_{\frac{1}{100}}$$

$$a_1 = 0.075 = \frac{75}{1000} \quad r = \frac{1}{100}$$

$$a) \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{75}{1000} \left(\frac{1}{100}\right)^n$$

$$b) S = \frac{\frac{75}{1000}}{1 - \frac{1}{100}} = \frac{\frac{75}{1000}}{\frac{99}{100}} =$$

$$= \frac{75}{1000} \cdot \frac{100}{99} = \frac{75}{990} = \frac{5}{66}$$

40. $0.2\overline{15}$

$$0.2 + 0.015 + 0.00015 + 0.0000015 + \dots$$

$$\underbrace{\quad}_{\frac{1}{100}} \quad \underbrace{\quad}_{\frac{1}{100}}$$

$$a_1 = 0.015 = \frac{15}{1000} \quad r = \frac{1}{100}$$

$$a) 0.2 + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{15}{1000} \left(\frac{1}{100}\right)^n$$

$$b) \frac{1}{5} + \frac{\frac{15}{1000}}{1 - \frac{1}{100}} = \frac{\frac{15}{1000}}{\frac{99}{100}} = \frac{15}{1000} \cdot \frac{100}{99} =$$

$$= \frac{15}{990} = \frac{1}{66}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{66} = \frac{71}{330}$$

41. $2.53\overline{535}$

$$2.5 + 0.035 + 0.00035 + 0.0000035 + \dots$$

$$\underbrace{\quad}_{\frac{1}{100}} \quad \underbrace{\quad}_{\frac{1}{100}}$$

$$a_1 = 0.035 = \frac{35}{1000} \quad r = \frac{1}{100}$$

$$a) \frac{5}{2} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{35}{1000} \left(\frac{1}{100}\right)^n$$

$$S = \frac{\frac{35}{1000}}{1 - \frac{1}{100}} = \frac{\frac{35}{1000}}{\frac{99}{100}} = \frac{35}{1000} \cdot \frac{100}{99} =$$

$$= \frac{35}{990} = \frac{7}{198}$$

$$b) \frac{5}{2} + \frac{7}{198} = \frac{251}{99}$$

42. $12.54\overline{242}$

$$12.5 + 0.042 + 0.00042 + 0.0000042 + \dots$$

$$\underbrace{\quad}_{\frac{1}{100}} \quad \underbrace{\quad}_{\frac{1}{100}}$$

$$a_1 = 0.042 = \frac{42}{1000} \quad r = \frac{1}{100}$$

$$a) 12.5 + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{42}{1000} \left(\frac{1}{100}\right)^n$$

$$\frac{25}{2} + \frac{\frac{42}{1000}}{1 - \frac{1}{100}} = \frac{\frac{42}{1000}}{\frac{99}{100}} = \frac{42}{1000} \cdot \frac{100}{99} =$$

$$= \frac{42}{990} = \frac{7}{165}$$

$$b) \frac{25}{2} + \frac{7}{165} = \frac{4139}{330}$$