

Name _____ Date _____ Period _____

Worksheet 11.4—Power Series II

Show all work. No calculator except unless specifically stated.

On problems 1-5, find a power series for the given function, centered at the given value of a . Give the first four nonzero terms and the general term.

1. $f(x) = \frac{1}{1+x}, a = 0$

2. $f(x) = \frac{1}{1+x^2}, a = 0$

3. $f(x) = \frac{3}{x+2}, a = 0$

4. $f(x) = \frac{x}{1-2x}, a = 0$

5. $f(x) = \frac{1}{4-x}, a = 1$

6. Let f be the function given by $f(t) = \frac{4}{1+t^2}$ and G be the function given by $G(x) = \int_0^x f(t)dt$.
- (a) Find the first four nonzero terms and the general term for the power series expansion of $f(t)$ about $t = 0$.
- (b) Find the first four nonzero terms and the general term of the power series expansion of $G(x)$ about $x = 0$.
- (c) Find the interval of convergence of the power series in part (b). Justify your answer.

7. Let f be the function given by $f(x) = e^{-2x^2}$

(a) Find the first four nonzero terms and the general term of the power series for $f(x)$ about $x = 0$.

(b) Find the interval of convergence of the power series for $f(x)$ about $x = 0$. Show the analysis that leads to your conclusion.

(c) (Calculator Permitted) Let g be the function given by the sum of the first four nonzero terms of the power series for $f(x)$ about $x = 0$. Show that $|f(x) - g(x)| < 0.02$ for $-0.6 \leq x \leq 0.6$.

8. The Maclaurin series for $f(x)$ is given by $1 + \frac{x}{2!} + \frac{x^2}{3!} + \frac{x^3}{4!} + \dots + \frac{x^n}{(n+1)!} + \dots$

(a) Find $f'(0)$ and $f^{(17)}(0)$.

(b) For what values of x does the given series converge? Show your reasoning.

(c) Let $g(x) = xf(x)$. Write the Maclaurin series for $g(x)$ in terms of a familiar function without using series. Then, write $f(x)$ in terms of the same familiar function.

By recognizing each series in problems 9-12 as a Taylor series evaluated at a particular value of x , find the sum of each of the following convergent series.

$$9. 1 + \frac{2}{1!} + \frac{4}{2!} + \frac{8}{3!} + \cdots + \frac{2^n}{n!} + \cdots$$

$$10. 1 - \frac{1}{3!} + \frac{1}{5!} - \frac{1}{7!} + \cdots + \frac{(-1)^n}{(2n+1)!} + \cdots$$

$$11. 1 + \frac{1}{4} + \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^3 + \cdots + \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^n + \cdots$$

$$12. 1 - \frac{100}{2!} + \frac{10,000}{4!} + \cdots + \frac{(-1)^n \cdot 10^{2n}}{(2n)!} + \cdots$$