

10.36 Arc Length, Surface Area

p. 712-714 # 46-86

* Arc Length: $s = \int_a^b \sqrt{\left(\frac{dx}{dt}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{dy}{dt}\right)^2} dt$

46) $x = 6t^2$ $y = 2t^3$ $1 \leq t \leq 4$

$\frac{dx}{dt} = 12t$ $\frac{dy}{dt} = 6t^2$ $\int_1^4 \sqrt{(12t)^2 + (6t^2)^2} dt = \int \sqrt{144t^2 + 36t^4} dt$

$\int \sqrt{36t^2(4+t^2)} dt$ $\left| \begin{array}{l} u = 4+t^2 \\ \frac{du}{dt} = 2t \\ dt = \frac{du}{2t} \end{array} \right| \int \frac{6t \cdot u^{1/2} \cdot \frac{du}{2t}}{2t} = \frac{3u^{3/2}}{3/2} = 2(4+t^2)^{3/2} \Big|_1^4$
 $\int_1^4 6t \sqrt{4+t^2} dt$ $\left| \begin{array}{l} 3 \int u^{1/2} du \\ 2(20^{3/2} - 5^{3/2}) \end{array} \right|$
 $= \boxed{70\sqrt{5} \approx 156.525}$

48) $x = \arcsin t$ $y = \ln \sqrt{1-t^2}$ $0 \leq t \leq 1/2$

$\frac{dx}{dt} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-t^2}}$ $\frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{-2t}{1-t^2} = \frac{-t}{1-t^2}$
 $\ln(1-t^2)^{1/2} = \frac{1}{2} \ln(1-t^2)$

$\int_0^{1/2} \sqrt{\frac{1-t^2-t^2}{(1-t^2)^2}} dt = \int_0^{1/2} \frac{1}{(1-t^2)^2} dt = \int_0^{1/2} \frac{1}{(1-t)(1+t)} dt = \frac{A}{1-t} + \frac{B}{1+t}$
 $t=1$ $t=-1$ $A=1/2$ $B=1/2$

$\int_0^{1/2} \left[\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{1-t} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{1+t} \right) \right] dt = \left. -\frac{1}{2} \ln|1-t| + \frac{1}{2} \ln|1+t| \right|_0^{1/2}$
 $= \frac{1}{2} (\ln 1/2 + \ln 3/2)$
 $= \frac{1}{2} (\ln 3/2 - \ln 1/2)$
 $= \frac{1}{2} \ln \left| \frac{3/2}{1/2} \right| = \frac{1}{2} \ln |3| \approx 0.549$

u-sub
u=1-t
du/dt=-1

$\boxed{\frac{1}{2} \ln |3| \approx 0.549}$

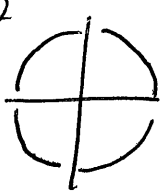
$$50) \quad x=t \quad y = \frac{t^5}{10} + \frac{1}{6t^3} = \frac{1}{10}t^5 + \frac{1}{6}t^{-3} \quad 1 \leq t \leq 2$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 1 \quad \frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{1}{10} \cdot 5t^4 + \frac{-3}{6}t^{-4} \quad S = \int_1^2 \sqrt{(1)^2 + \left[\frac{t^4}{2} - \frac{t^{-4}}{2}\right]^2} dt$$

$$S = \int_1^2 \sqrt{\left(\frac{t^4}{2} + \frac{1}{2t^4}\right)^2} dt = \int_1^2 \left[\frac{t^4}{2} + \frac{1}{2t^4} = \frac{t^5}{10} - \frac{1}{6t^3}\right]^2 = \boxed{\frac{779}{240}}$$

$$52) \quad \text{Arc Length} \quad x = a \cos \theta \quad y = a \sin \theta \quad 0 < \theta < 2\pi$$

$$\frac{dx}{d\theta} = -a \sin \theta \quad \frac{dy}{d\theta} = a \cos \theta \quad S = \int_0^{2\pi} \sqrt{a^2 \sin^2 \theta + a^2 \cos^2 \theta} d\theta$$


$$S = \int_0^{2\pi} \sqrt{a^2(\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta)} d\theta = \int_0^{2\pi} a \sqrt{1} d\theta = 4 \cdot \int_0^{\pi/2} a d\theta = 4a\theta \Big|_0^{\pi/2} = 4a(\pi/2) - 0 = \boxed{2\pi a}$$


$$54) \quad x = \cos \theta + \theta \sin \theta \quad y = \sin \theta - \theta \cos \theta$$

$$\frac{dx}{d\theta} = -\sin \theta + 1 \sin \theta + \theta \cos \theta$$

$$\frac{dy}{d\theta} = \cos \theta + -\cos \theta + -\theta(-\sin \theta)$$

$$\frac{dx}{d\theta} = \theta \cos \theta$$

$$\frac{dy}{d\theta} = \theta \sin \theta$$


$$S = \int_0^{2\pi} \sqrt{(\theta \cos \theta)^2 + (\theta \sin \theta)^2} d\theta = \int_0^{2\pi} \sqrt{\theta^2(\cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta)} d\theta = \int_0^{2\pi} \theta \sqrt{1} d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \theta d\theta = \left[\frac{\theta^2}{2}\right]_0^{2\pi} = \frac{(2\pi)^2}{2} - 0 = \frac{4\pi^2}{2} = \boxed{2\pi^2}$$

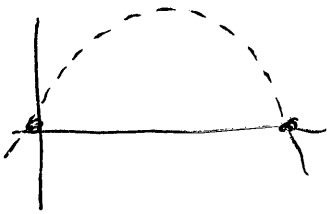
10.36'

56) Path of Projectile $x = (90 \cos \theta)t$ $y = (90 \sin \theta)t - 16t^2$

* set $y = 0$ to find endpoints $90 \sin \theta t - 16t^2 = 0$

$$t(90 \sin \theta - 16t) = 0$$

$$t = 0, t = \frac{90}{16} \sin \theta$$



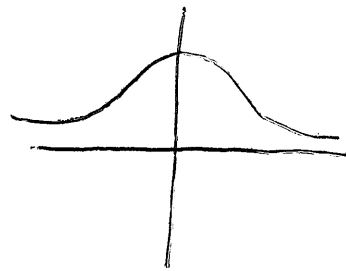
$$58) x = 4 \cot \theta$$

$$y = 4 \sin^2 \theta$$

$$-\pi/2 \leq \theta \leq \pi/2$$

$$\frac{dx}{d\theta} = -4 \csc^2 \theta$$

$$\frac{dy}{d\theta} = 8 \sin \theta \cos \theta$$



horizontal tangent: $\frac{dy}{d\theta} = 0$

$$0 = 8 \sin \theta \cos \theta$$

$$\theta = -\pi/2, 0, \pi/2$$

horizontal tangents: $(0, 4)$ at $\theta = \pm\pi/2$

$$c) \int_{\pi/4}^{\pi/2} \sqrt{(-4 \csc^2 \theta)^2 + [8 \sin \theta \cos \theta]^2} d\theta \approx \boxed{4.5183}$$

$$60) a) x = 3 \cos t \quad y = 4 \sin t$$

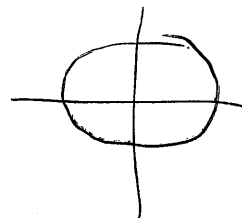
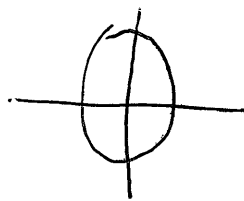
$$b) x = 4 \sin t \quad y = \cos t$$

b) 4 pts. of intersection

c) same place at same time for $t = 0.6435, 3.785$ for $\tan t = 3/4$

$$(2.4, 2.4) \quad (-2.4, -2.4)$$

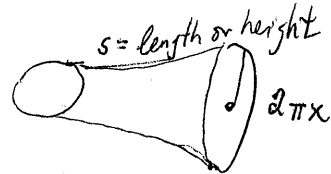
d) curves intersect twice, not at same time.



Surface Area

* About y-axis $S_y = 2\pi \int_a^b x \sqrt{x'(t)^2 + y'(t)^2} dt$

About x-axis $S_x = 2\pi \int_a^b y \sqrt{x'(t)^2 + y'(t)^2} dt$

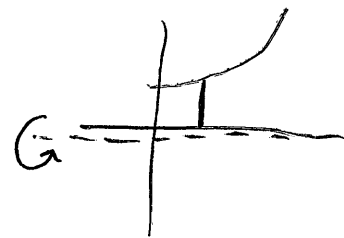


cylinder: $S = 2\pi r h$

62) $x = \frac{1}{4}t^2$ $y = t+3$ $0 \leq t \leq 3$ (About x-axis)

$x'(t) = \frac{1}{2}t$ $y'(t) = 1$

$S_x = 2\pi \int_0^3 (t+3) \sqrt{(\frac{1}{2}t)^2 + (1)^2} dt \approx \boxed{114.1999}$



64) $x = \theta + \sin \theta$
 $x'(\theta) = 1 + \cos \theta$

$y = \theta + \cos \theta$
 $y'(\theta) = 1 - \sin \theta$

$0 \leq \theta \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$
(x-axis)

$S_x = 2\pi \int_0^{\pi/2} (\theta + \cos \theta) \sqrt{(1 + \cos \theta)^2 + (1 - \sin \theta)^2} d\theta \approx \boxed{23.2433}$

66) $x = t$ $y = 4 - 2t$ $0 \leq t \leq 2$ $x'(t) = 1$
 $y'(t) = -2$

a) x-axis: $S_x = 2\pi \int_0^2 (4-2t) \sqrt{1^2 + 2^2} dt = 2\pi \int_0^2 (\sqrt{5})(4-2t) dt$
 $2\pi \sqrt{5} \cdot \left[4t - \frac{2t^2}{2} \right]_0^2 = \boxed{8\pi\sqrt{5}}$

b) y-axis: $S_y = 2\pi \int_0^2 t \sqrt{1^2 + 2^2} dt = 2\pi \sqrt{5} \cdot \left[\frac{t^2}{2} \right]_0^2 = \boxed{4\pi\sqrt{5}}$

Surface Area

$$68) \quad x = \frac{1}{3}t^3 \quad y = t+1 \quad 1 \leq t \leq 2 \quad (\text{y-axis})$$

$$x'(t) = \frac{1}{3} \cdot 3t^2 \quad y'(t) = 1$$

$$S_y = 2\pi \int_1^2 \frac{1}{3}t^3 \sqrt{(t^2)^2 + 1^2} dt = \frac{\pi}{9} (x^2+1)^{3/2} \Big|_1^2 = \frac{\pi}{9} [17^{3/2} - 2^{3/2}]$$

$\approx \boxed{23.48}$

$$70) \quad x = a \cos \theta \quad y = b \sin \theta \quad 0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$$

$$a) \text{ x-axis} \quad x'(\theta) = -a \sin \theta \quad y'(\theta) = b \cos \theta$$

78) $x = r \cos \phi$ $y = r \sin \phi$ $(x\text{-axis})$ $x'(\phi) = -r \sin \phi$
 $y'(\phi) = +r \cos \phi$

$$S = 2\pi \int_0^\theta r \sin \phi \sqrt{r^2 \sin^2 \phi + r^2 \cos^2 \phi} d\phi$$

$$= 2\pi r^2 \int_0^\theta \sin \phi d\phi = -2\pi r^2 \cos \phi \Big|_0^\theta = \boxed{2\pi r^2 - 2\pi r^2 \cos \theta}$$

80) Find Area of region: from #77
 $x = 2 \cot \theta$ $y = 2 \sin^2 \theta$ Integration by Substitution
 $x'(\theta) = -2 \csc^2 \theta$ $0 < \theta < \pi$ $\int_a^b y dx = \int_{t_1}^{t_2} y \cdot x'(t) dt$

$$2 \int_{\pi/2}^0 (2 \sin^2 \theta) (-2 \csc^2 \theta) d\theta = -8 \int_{\pi/2}^0 d\theta = -8\theta \Big|_{\pi/2}^0 = \boxed{4\pi}$$

82) Area of asteroiod: $\boxed{(b) \frac{3}{8} \pi a^2}$

84) area of deltoid: $\boxed{(c) 2\pi a^2}$

86) area of teardrop: $\boxed{(e) 2\pi ab}$

