#1

Calculator

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Question 1

For $0 \le t \le 6$, a particle is moving along the x-axis. The particle's position, $x(t)$, is not explicitly given. The velocity of the particle is given by $v(t) = 2\sin\left(e^{t/4}\right) + 1$. The acceleration of the particle is given by $a(t) = \frac{1}{2}e^{t/4}\cos\left(e^{t/4}\right)$ and $x(0) = 2$.

(a) Is the speed of the particle increasing or decreasing at time $t = 5.5$? Give a reason for your answer.

(b) Find the average velocity of the particle for the time period $0 \le t \le 6$.

(c) Find the total distance traveled by the particle from time $t = 0$ to $t = 6$.

(d) For $0 \le t \le 6$, the particle changes direction exactly once. Find the position of the particle at that time.

#2

Calculator

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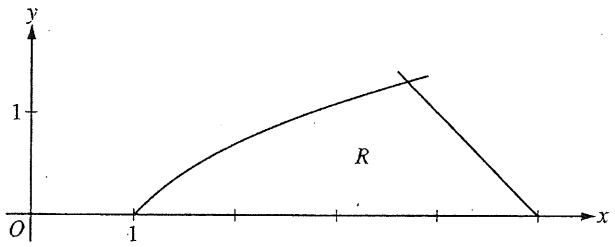
Question 2

Let R be the region in the first quadrant bounded by the x-axis and the graphs of $y = \ln x$ and $y = 5 - x$, as shown in the figure above.



(a) Find the area of R.

(b) Region R is the base of a solid. For the solid, each cross section perpendicular to the x-axis is a square. Write, but do not evaluate, an expression involving one or more integrals that gives the volume of the solid.

(c) The horizontal line $y = k$ divides R into two regions of equal area. Write, but do not solve, an equation involving one or more integrals whose solution gives the value of k.

#3

Non-Calculator

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Question 6

For $0 \le t \le 12$, a particle moves along the x-axis. The velocity of the particle at time t is given by $v(t) = \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{6}t\right)$. The particle is at position $x = -2$ at time $t = 0$.

(a) For $0 \le t \le 12$, when is the particle moving to the left?

(b) Write, but do not evaluate, an integral expression that gives the total distance traveled by the particle from time $t = 0$ to time $t = 6$.

(c) Find the acceleration of the particle at time t. Is the speed of the particle increasing, decreasing, or neither at time $t = 4$? Explain your reasoning.

(d) Find the position of the particle at time $t = 4$.

#4

Non-calculator

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2009 SCORING GUIDELINES (Form B)

Question 6

t (seconds)	0	8	20	25	32	40
$v(t)$ (meters per second)	3	5	−10	−8	−4	7

The velocity of a particle moving along the x-axis is modeled by a differentiable function v, where the position x is measured in meters, and time t is measured in seconds. Selected values of $v(t)$ are given in the table above. The particle is at position $x = 7$ meters when $t = 0$ seconds.

(a) Estimate the acceleration of the particle at $t = 36$ seconds. Show the computations that lead to your answer. Indicate units of measure.

(b) Using correct units, explain the meaning of $\int_{20}^{40} v(t)\,dt$ in the context of this problem. Use a trapezoidal sum with the three subintervals indicated by the data in the table to approximate $\int_{20}^{40} v(t)\,dt$.

(c) For $0 \le t \le 40$, must the particle change direction in any of the subintervals indicated by the data in the table? If so, identify the subintervals and explain your reasoning. If not, explain why not.

(d) Suppose that the acceleration of the particle is positive for $0 < t < 8$ seconds. Explain why the position of the particle at $t = 8$ seconds must be greater than $x = 30$ meters.

#5

Non-calculator

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Question 5

At the beginning of 2010, a landfill contained 1400 tons of solid waste. The increasing function W models the total amount of solid waste stored at the landfill. Planners estimate that W will satisfy the differential equation $\frac{dW}{dt} = \frac{1}{25}(W - 300)$ for the next 20 years. W is measured in tons, and t is measured in years from the start of 2010.

(a) Use the line tangent to the graph of W at $t = 0$ to approximate the amount of solid waste that the landfill contains at the end of the first 3 months of 2010 (time $t = \frac{1}{4}$).

(b) Find $\frac{d^2W}{dt^2}$ in terms of W. Use $\frac{d^2W}{dt^2}$ to determine whether your answer in part (a) is an underestimate or an overestimate of the amount of solid waste that the landfill contains at time $t = \frac{1}{4}$.

(c) Find the particular solution $W = W(t)$ to the differential equation $\frac{dW}{dt} = \frac{1}{25}(W - 300)$ with initial condition $W(0) = 1400$.

#6

Non-calculator

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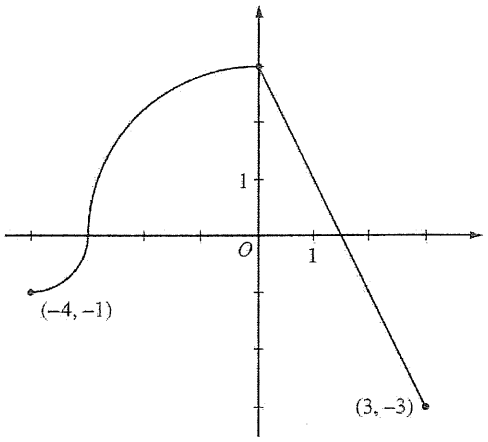
Question 4

The continuous function f is defined on the interval $-4 \le x \le 3$. The graph of f consists of two quarter circles and one line segment, as shown in the figure above.

Let $g(x) = 2x + \int_0^x f(t)\,dt$.



Graph of f

(a) Find $g(-3)$. Find $g'(x)$ and evaluate $g'(-3)$.

(b) Determine the x-coordinate of the point at which g has an absolute maximum on the interval $-4 \le x \le 3$. Justify your answer.

(c) Find all values of x on the interval $-4 < x < 3$ for which the graph of g has a point of inflection. Give a reason for your answer.

(d) Find the average rate of change of f on the interval $-4 \le x \le 3$. There is no point c, $-4 < c < 3$, for which $f'(c)$ is equal to that average rate of change. Explain why this statement does not contradict the Mean Value Theorem.