

**Problem 6-1**

The fraction will achieve its greatest value when its denominator is minimized. The denominator is minimized when  $x = 0$ , so the greatest possible value of the fraction is  $\frac{4042}{2} = \boxed{2021}$ .

**Problem 6-2**

Extending the common side of the 15-gons creates 2 congruent exterior angles. Since the degree-measure of each exterior angle of a regular 15-gon is  $\frac{360}{15} = 24$ , the angle  $x$  has degree-measure  $\boxed{48, \text{ or } 48^\circ}$ .

**Problem 6-3**

Since we're told that  $\log_{10}(2000!) = 5735.52 \dots$ , it follows that  $10^{5735} < 2000! < 10^{5736}$ . Integers between  $10^n$  and  $10^{n+1}$  have  $n+1$  digits, so the number of digits in the expansion of  $2000!$  is  $\boxed{5736}$ .

**Problem 6-4**

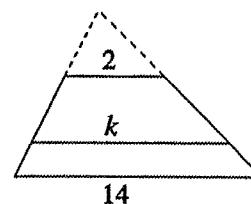
If we add 2 to any value of  $x$  that satisfies the first equation, we'll have a value of  $x$  that satisfies the second equation. Since the solutions of the first equation are 1, 2, 3, the solutions of the second equation are 1+2, 2+2, 3+2, or more simply  $\boxed{3, 4, 5}$ .

**Problem 6-5**

Let  $x$  represent the number kilometers per liter that the first car gets, and let  $y$  represent the capacity of the first car's gas tank, in liters. We are asked to determine the value of  $xy$ , in kilometers. We are told that  $(x+6)(y-3) = xy$ , so  $x = 2y-6$ . We are also told that  $(x-6)(y+6) = xy$ , so  $x = y+6$ . Solving,  $y = 12$ ,  $x = 18$ , and  $xy = \boxed{216}$ .

**Problem 6-6**

Extend the legs of the trapezoid until they meet as shown in the diagram. The 3 triangles in the diagram are all similar, so the ratio of their areas = the square of the ratio of



corresponding bases. Therefore,  $(2/14)^2 = (1/7)^2 = 1/49 = (\text{area of smallest } \Delta)/(\text{area of biggest } \Delta)$ . If  $x$  is the area of the smallest  $\Delta$ , then the biggest triangle's area is  $49x$ . As a consequence, the area of trapezoid  $T$  is  $49x - x = 48x$  and each of the two smaller trapezoids has area  $48x/2 = 24x$ . Since the square of the ratio of corresponding side-lengths of similar triangles equals the ratio of the areas of the triangles, it follows that  $(2/k)^2 = (x)/(24x+x) = 1/25$ , so  $k = \boxed{10}$ .