AP FRQ Review WS: Particle Motion

1) Calculator-Active

A particle moves along the x-axis with velocity given by $v(t) = \frac{10\sin(0.4t^2)}{t^2 - t + 3}$ for time $0 \le t \le 3.5$.

The particle is at position x = -5 at time t = 0.

- (a) Find the acceleration of the particle at time t = 3.
- (b) Find the position of the particle at time t = 3.
- (c) Evaluate $\int_0^{3.5} v(t) dt$, and evaluate $\int_0^{3.5} |v(t)| dt$. Interpret the meaning of each integral in the context of the problem.
- (d) A second particle moves along the x-axis with position given by $x_2(t) = t^2 t$ for $0 \le t \le 3.5$. At what time t are the two particles moving with the same velocity?

2) Non-Calculator

2017

Two particles move along the x-axis. For $0 \le t \le 8$, the position of particle P at time t is given by $x_P(t) = \ln(t^2 - 2t + 10)$, while the velocity of particle Q at time t is given by $v_Q(t) = t^2 - 8t + 15$. Particle Q is at position x = 5 at time t = 0.

- (a) For $0 \le t \le 8$, when is particle *P* moving to the left?
- (b) For $0 \le t \le 8$, find all times t during which the two particles travel in the same direction.
- (c) Find the acceleration of particle Q at time t = 2. Is the speed of particle Q increasing, decreasing, or neither at time t = 2? Explain your reasoning.
- (d) Find the position of particle Q the first time it changes direction.

3) Non - Calculator

For $0 \le t \le 12$, a particle moves along the x-axis. The velocity of the particle at time t is given by $v(t) = \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{6}t\right)$. The particle is at position x = -2 at time t = 0.

- (a) For $0 \le t \le 12$, when is the particle moving to the left?
- (b) Write, but do not evaluate, an integral expression that gives the total distance traveled by the particle from time t = 0 to time t = 6.
- (c) Find the acceleration of the particle at time t. Is the speed of the particle increasing, decreasing, or neither at time t = 4? Explain your reasoning.
- (d) Find the position of the particle at time t = 4.

4) Calculator

A particle moves along a straight line. For $0 \le t \le 5$, the velocity of the particle is given by $v(t) = -2 + (t^2 + 3t)^{6/5} - t^3$, and the position of the particle is given by s(t). It is known that s(0) = 10.

- (a) Find all values of t in the interval $2 \le t \le 4$ for which the speed of the particle is 2.
- (b) Write an expression involving an integral that gives the position s(t). Use this expression to find the position of the particle at time t = 5.
- (c) Find all times t in the interval $0 \le t \le 5$ at which the particle changes direction. Justify your answer.
- (d) Is the speed of the particle increasing or decreasing at time t = 4? Give a reason for your answer.