Calculus AB Related Rates Test Review

1. A balloon is rising vertically above a level, straight road at a constant rate of 1 ft/sec. Just when the balloon is 65 ft above the ground, a bicycle moving at a constant rate of 17 ft/sec passes under it. How fast is the distance between the bicycle and balloon increasing 3 seconds later?

2. Use local linear approximation to estimate $\frac{-1}{15.7\sqrt[4]{15.7}}$

3. Find the limit:

a)
$$\lim_{x\to 3} \frac{4x^2-5x}{1-3x^2}$$

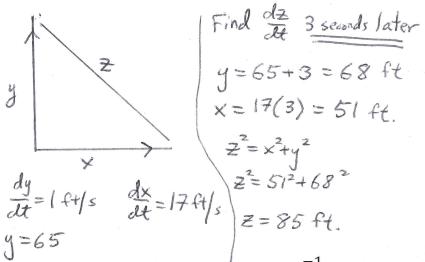
b)
$$\lim_{x\to 1} \frac{5x^4 - 4x^2 - 1}{10 - x - 9x^3}$$

4. Water is leaking out of a cylindrical container at a rate of 5 cm³/hr. The container has a diameter of 12 cm and height of 16 cm. At what rate is the height changing when container has height of 3 cm?

5. A sphere of diameter volume between the sphe and the radius of the cylin	ere and cylinder c	hanging if the	diameter of the s			
		•				
					•	
6. A boat is pulled toward hauled in at a rate of 2 ft/		from the bow	through a ring or	i the dock 6 ft ab	ove the bow	v. The rope is
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	•			V.		
				•		
		*				
					•,	
a) How fast is the bo	oat approaching t	he dock when :	10 ft of rope are o	out?		
•						
	•					
	•					
		•				
b) At what rate is ar	ea of triangle cha	nging at that m	noment?			
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1. A balloon is rising vertically above a level, straight road at a constant rate of 1 ft/sec. Just when the balloon is 65 ft above the ground, a bicycle moving at a constant rate of 17 ft/sec passes under it. How fast is the distance between the bicycle and balloon increasing 3 seconds later?



Find
$$\frac{dz}{dt}$$
 3 seconds later $2x(\frac{dx}{dt}) + 2y(\frac{dy}{dt}) = 2z(\frac{dz}{dt})$
 $y = 65 + 3 = 68$ ft $2x(\frac{dx}{dt}) + 2y(\frac{dy}{dt}) = 2z(\frac{dz}{dt})$
 $x = 17(3) = 51$ ft. $2(51)(17) + 2(68)(1) = 2(85)(\frac{dz}{dt})$
 $z^2 = x^2 + y^2$
 $z^2 = 51^2 + 68^2$
 $z = 85$ ft.

2. Use local linear approximation to estimate
$$\frac{-1}{15.7\sqrt[4]{15.7}}$$

$$y = \frac{1}{15.7\sqrt[4]{15.7}}$$

$$y = \frac{1}{16.9\sqrt{16}}$$

$$y(16) = \frac{1}{16.9\sqrt{16}}$$

$$y(x) = \frac{1}{x \cdot x'/4} = \frac{1}{x \cdot 5/4} = \frac{1}{4x^{9/4}}$$

$$y' = \frac{5}{4x} - \frac{9}{4} = \frac{5}{4x^{9/4}}$$

imation to estimate
$$\frac{1}{15.7\sqrt[4]{15.7}}$$
 $y'(16) = \frac{5}{4(16)} = \frac{5}{4(2)} = \frac{5}{2} = \frac{5}$

a)
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{4x^2 - 5x}{1 - 3x^2} = \frac{\infty}{-\infty}$$

3. Find the limit:

$$f(x) = 8x-5$$
 $\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{8x-5}{-6x} \to \frac{8}{-6}$
 $g'(x) = -6x$

$$= -\frac{4}{3}$$

$$f(x) = 8x-5 \qquad \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{8x-5}{-6x} \to \frac{8}{-6} \qquad \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{20-8}{-1-27} = \frac{12}{-1-27} = \frac{-3}{7}$$

$$= \frac{-4}{-1}$$

4. Water is leaking out of a cylindrical container at a rate of 5 cm³/hr. The container has a diameter of 12 cm and height of 16 cm. At what rate is the height changing when container has height of 3 cm?

b) $\lim_{x\to 1} \frac{5x^4 - 4x^2 - 1}{10 - x - 9x^3} = \frac{O}{10}$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = -5 \text{cm}^{3} / h - \frac{dh}{dt} = V = \pi r^{2} h$$

$$V = \pi (6)^{2} h$$

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$$V = 36 \pi h$$

$$V = 36 \pi h$$

$$V = 36 \pi \left(\frac{dh}{dt}\right)$$

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5. A sphere of diameter 4 in. is inside a cylinder with radius of 12 in and constant height of 8 in. How fast is the volume between the sphere and cylinder changing if the diameter of the sphere is increasing at a rate of 2 in/min and the radius of the cylinder is decreasing at a rate of 4 in/min?

VBetween = Vcylinder - Vsphere | Cylinder:
$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt_B} = \frac{dV}{dt_C} - \frac{dV}{dt_S}$$

$$h = 8 (constant)$$

$$r = 12 in.$$

Sphere
$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

$$r = 2$$

$$\frac{dr}{dt} = 4\pi(2)^2(1)$$

$$\frac{dr}{dt} = 1in/min$$

$$\frac{dr}{dt} = 1in/min$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 4\pi r^2(\frac{dr}{dt})$$

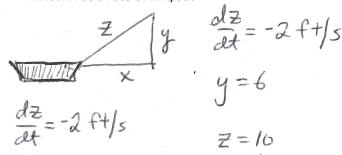
$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 4\pi r^2(\frac{dr}{dt})$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 4\pi r^2(\frac{dr}{dt})$$

Cylinder:
$$V = \pi r^2 h$$
 $h = 8$ (constant)

 $r = 12 in$
 $\frac{dV}{dt} = -768\pi in^3/min$
 $V = \pi r^2(8)$
 $V = 8\pi r^2$
 $\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{dV}{dt}$
 $\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{dV}{dt}$

6. A boat is pulled toward a dock by a rope from the bow through a ring on the dock 6 ft above the bow. The rope is hauled in at a rate of 2 ft/sec



$$\frac{dy}{dt} = 0$$

$$x = 8$$
a) How fast is the boat approaching the dock when 10 ft of rope are out?
$$Find \frac{dx}{dx}$$

Find
$$\frac{dx}{dt}$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = z^2$$

$$2x \frac{dx}{dt} + 2y \frac{dy}{dt} = 2z \frac{dz}{dt}$$

$$2(8)(\frac{dx}{d4}) + 2(10)(0) = 2(10)(-2)$$

$$16\frac{dx}{d4} = -40 \quad \left[\frac{dx}{d4} = -2.5 + \frac{1}{5}\right]$$

b) At what rate is area of triangle changing at that moment?

$$A = \frac{1}{2}xy$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2}xy + \frac{1}{2}x \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}(-2.5)(6) + \frac{1}{2}(8)(0)$$

$$\int \frac{dA}{dt} = -7.5 \text{ ft}^2/\text{s}$$